

Our reference: CHSFOI21-22.36



DECISION ON YOUR ACCESS APPLICATION

I refer to your application under section 30 of the *Freedom of Information Act 2016* (FOI Act), received by Canberra Health Services (CHS) on **Wednesday 18 May 2022**.

This application requested access to:

'Referring to the 2021 CHS Workplace Culture Survey, I request the 'Detailed results of the 2021 Workplace Culture Survey Results' broken down for the following groups: junior medical officers (84), senior medical officers (137), Nursing/midwifery (1093), senior management (101), executive (18) and those respondents who did not answer or preferred not to say (907)'

I am an Information Officer appointed by the Chief Executive Officer of Canberra Health Services (CHS) under section 18 of the FOI Act to deal with access applications made under Part 5 of the Act. CHS was required to provide a decision on your access application by **Friday 8 July 2022.**

I have identified three documents holding the information within scope of your access application. These are outlined in the schedule of documents included at Attachment A to this decision letter.

My access decisions are detailed further and the documents released to you are provided as <u>Attachment B</u> to this letter.

In reaching my access decision, I have taken the following into account:

- The FOI Act;
- The contents of the documents that fall within the scope of your request;
- The views of relevant third parties; and
- The Human Rights Act 2004.

Decisions

I have decided to grant full access to all three documents.

<u>Charges</u>

Processing charges are not applicable to this request.

Disclosure Log

Under section 28 of the FOI Act, CHS maintains an online record of access applications called a disclosure log. The scope of your access application, my decision and documents released to you will be published in the disclosure log not less than three days but not more than 10 days after the date of this decision. Your personal contact details will not be published.

https://www.health.act.gov.au/about-our-health-system/freedom-information/disclosure-log.

Ombudsman review

My decision on your access request is a reviewable decision as identified in Schedule 3 of the FOI Act. You have the right to seek Ombudsman review of this outcome under section 73 of the Act within 20 working days from the day that my decision is published in ACT Health's disclosure log, or a longer period allowed by the Ombudsman.

If you wish to request a review of my decision you may write to the Ombudsman at:

The ACT Ombudsman GPO Box 442 CANBERRA ACT 2601

Via email: ACTFOI@ombudsman.gov.au

Website: ombudsman.act.gov.au

ACT Civil and Administrative Tribunal (ACAT) review

Under section 84 of the Act, if a decision is made under section 82(1) on an Ombudsman review, you may apply to the ACAT for review of the Ombudsman decision. Further information may be obtained from the ACAT at:

ACT Civil and Administrative Tribunal Level 4, 1 Moore St GPO Box 370 Canberra City ACT 2601 Telephone: (02) 6207 1740

http://www.acat.act.gov.au/

Further assistance

Should you have any queries in relation to your request, please do not hesitate to contact the FOI Coordinator on (02) 5124 9831 or email healthFOI@act.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Kalena Smitham

Executive Group Manager

People and Culture

6 July 2022



FREEDOM OF INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DOCUMENTS

Please be aware that under the *Freedom of Information Act 2016*, some of the information provided to you will be released to the public through the ACT Government's Open Access Scheme. The Open Access release status column of the table below indicates what documents are intended for release online through open access.

Personal information or business affairs information will not be made available under this policy. If you think the content of your request would contain such information, please inform the contact officer immediately.

Information about what is published on open access is available online at: http://www.health.act.gov.au/public-information/consumers/freedom-information

APPLICANT NAME	WHAT ARE THE PARAMETERS OF THE REQUEST	FILE NUMBER
	"Referring to the 2021 CHS Workplace Culture Survey, I request the 'Detailed results of the 2021 Workplace Culture Survey Results' broken down for the following groups: junior medical officers (84), senior medical officers (137), Nursing/midwifery (1093), senior management (101), executive (18) and those respondents who did not answer or preferred not to say (907)'	CHSFOI21-22.36

Ref Number	Page Number	Description	Date	Status Decision	Factor	Open Access release status			
1.	1 – 27	BPA Top Drawer Report -2021 Workplace Culture Survey – Executive Management Team (CHS)	Data collected up until 12/11/2021	Full Release		YES			
2.	28 – 54	BPA Top Drawer Report -2021 Workplace Culture Survey – Workforce Grouping – Medical Officer	Data collected up until 29/11/2021	Full Release		YES			
3.	55 – 81	BPA Top Drawer Report -2021 Workplace Culture Survey - Position: Nursing / Midwifery	Data collected up until 29/11/2021	Full Release		YES			
	Total Number of Documents								
		3							



The BPA Top Drawer Report



Canberra Health Services

2021 Workplace Culture Survey

Executive Management Team (CHS)

A BPA Analytics Survey

Why is it called the Top Drawer Report?





Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

Welcome

This BPA Report is intended to help you, the manager, interpret and use the results from the BPA survey most productively.

Your people took the time to complete the BPA survey. They want to know they were listened to, and that something will be done with the results.

We all spend a lot of time at work, in our labour. Your role as a manager is to use this information to reflect on your own management and leadership style (after all, Organisational Culture is leadership driven) and to get the best from your team.

We have provided you with a report that contains the very real perceptions your employees have of their working life.

Regardless of whether these perceptions are a correct (or incorrect) interpretation of reality, the simple and unavoidable fact is:

- · Your employees have these perceptions;
- Your employees use these perceptions to frame their actions and behaviours;
- Your employees' actions and behaviours will either drive, or limit, your department's performance;

We hope you are able to use your BPA Report to identify 2 or 3 things to action and make sure you do limit your Action Plan to a maximum of 3 things. We know from experience that this will maximise your chances of achieving a result.

Good luck!

Jacqui ParleDirector Consulting Services
BPA Analytics







Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

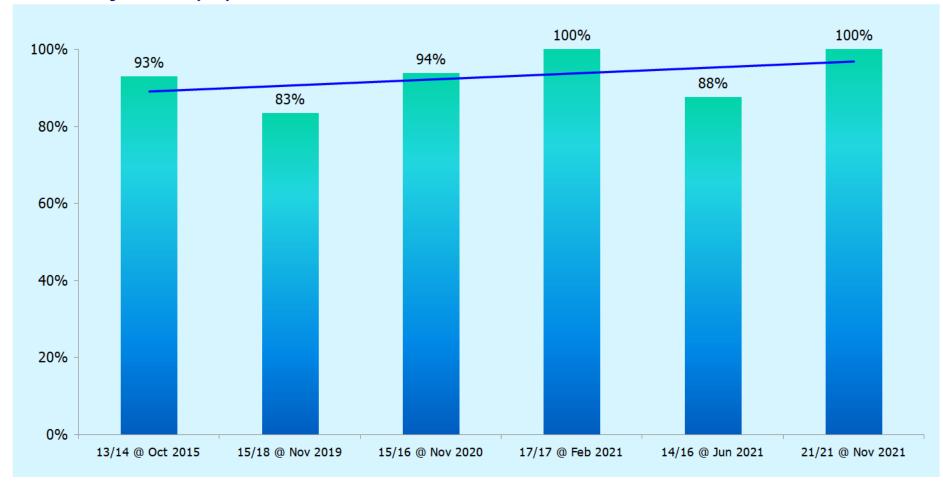
Your Response Rate/s

How reliably you can use the data contained in your BPA Report all starts with the response rate. Typically, the first wave of employees responding to the survey (between 10-12%) provide responses that are on the whole about 3-4% more positive than the entire cohort responding to the survey. To allow for this to level out, our research has found that the response rate needs to reach about 40%.

In reporting units where the response rate falls below this threshold, data is indicative, not definitive and should be used with caution - and not to base any major decisions.

The higher your response rate, the more confidently you can use the data to form the basis for change initiatives.

Executive Management Team (CHS)





Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

Measuring Your Engagement

Measuring Engagement

BPA's years of experience and knowledge of what works, and what doesn't work has been instrumental in formulating BPA's signature model of Engagement Culture -The 6 Types of Culture Model.

This model has been used extensively by our client organisations. It is very popular with both executive and front-line managers, because it is simple to follow and has a very strong intuitive match with day-to-day lived work experiences.

BPA 6 Types of Culture Model Proactive end of organisational culture Reactive end of organisational culture AMBITION CONSOLIDATION

BPA's method for evaluating a group's Engagement Culture involves 2 steps:

- Measuring the percentage of respondents who report themselves as experiencing their working life in Step 1: an Engagement Cycle.
- Step 2: Plotting this Engagement Cycle against BPA Type of Culture chart in order to identify your own Type of Culture. This is an empirical test because this chart is derived from the actual results of other organisations contained in BPA's extensive Research Database.

Based on over 750,000 respondents, BPA observes that organisations can be broken down into 3 groups of people:

Engagement Cycle

Those who experience their working life in an Engagement Cycle (either personally or in their work unit).

They are:

- · Openly positive, optimistic and engaged about the organisation's future.
- · Ready for change and ready to trust management.
- Average of 45% of organisational employees.

Swinging Voters

Those who sit on the fence – the Swinging Voters. They are:

- Neither openly positive nor openly negative.
- Inclined to just want to come to work to do their job and not engage with organisational purposes.
- Average of 40% of organisational employees.

DisEngagement Cycle

Those who experience their working life in a DisEngagement Cycle (either personally or in their work unit). They are:

- · Openly negative, pessimistic and disengaged from the organisation's future.
- · Reluctant to change and distrustful of management.
- Average of 15% of organisational employees.

Staff feel personally involved Change = Better things Staff want to improve to come High trust "Can do" Mentality in management Strong sense of Success/Momentum 'This is really working" Self-Protection "Only do what I have to do" Alienation from work Change = Danger "Just a job" "Things are too hard" Low trust mentality in management Blame **Poor Communication**

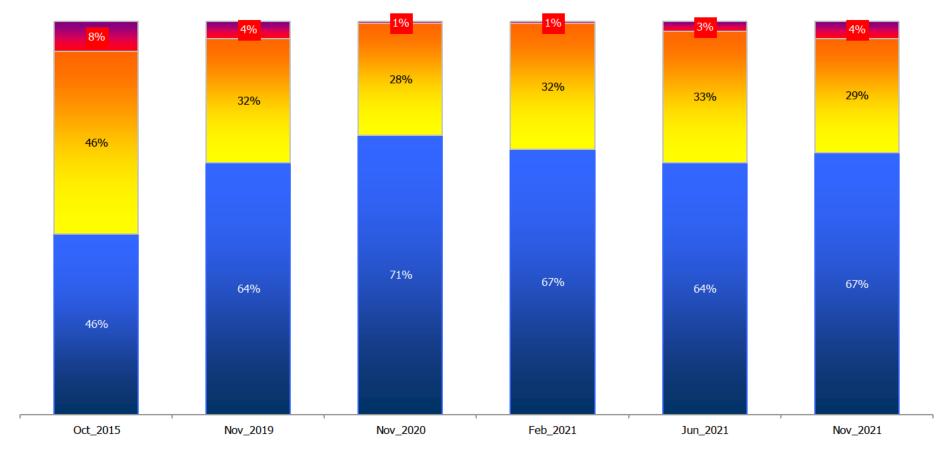
Poor Leadership



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Your Organisation's Cycles

The chart below shows the %age of your respondents who are in each Cycle - Engaged, Swinging Voter and DisEngaged. If this has been measured in any previous survey, then this chart will also show how this is trending over time. The additional charts over the page give some comparisons from BPA Analytics' workforce database.



■ Engagement Cycle ■ Swinging Voters ■ DisEngagement Cycle

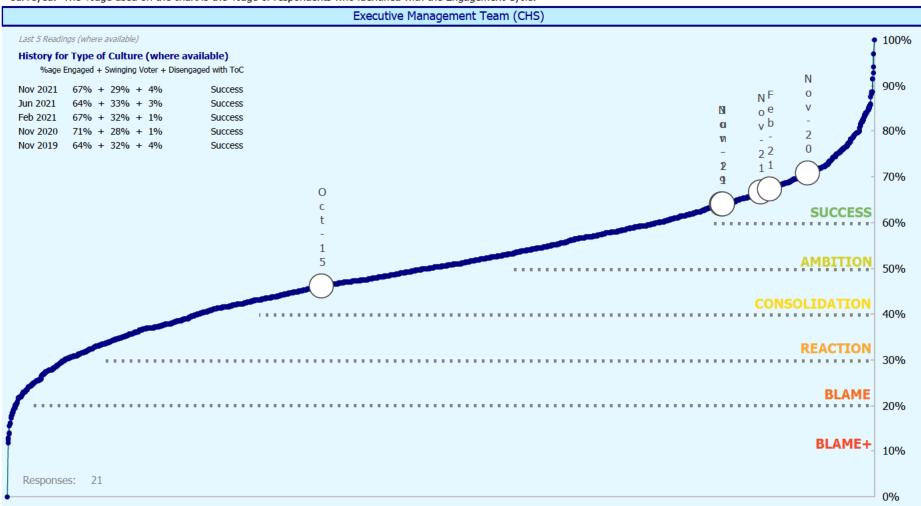




Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

Your Type of Engagement Culture

Your Type of Engagement Culture is identified as the bubble on the chart below. The 'squiggly' line is a full series of dots - each dot is a separate organisation that BPA Analytics has surveyed. The %age used on the chart is the %age of respondents who identified with the Engagement Cycle.







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Types of Culture - Descriptors

A Culture of Success





- More than 60% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- Large numbers of employees are optimistic about the organisation's future. There is a strong sense of success and achievement. 'Things are getting better all the time'.
- Employees are very positive and proactive about tackling problems. There is a 'Can Do' mentality.
- This Type of Culture is very close-knit, very cohesive, and very focused. Anyone who doesn't 'fit in' tends to be squeezed out by peer pressure. There is a risk of 'Group Think' which enforces conformity to the norm and stifles self-reflection and self-critique.

A Culture of Ambition





- 50% to 60% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- Organisations at this stage are not satisfied with their current level of performance or their current way of doing business. They are ambitious for new and better ways of moving ahead.
- An 'Anything is Possible' mentality is quite common. This type of organisation tends to be very innovative many see themselves as 'Project City'.
- There is a risk that the organisation commits to too many projects or fails to complete projects before moving on.
- Needs a strong fiscal discipline and the ability to say 'NO' to too many projects.

A Culture of Consolidation





- 40% to 50% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- This is often a culture in transition. It tends to be fragmented (some work units are in low-end cultures and some in high-end cultures).
- There is pressure to consolidate the gains already made.
- Employees refer to the need for 'a breather'.
- Not a lot of remedial action is required in this culture.

A Culture of Reaction





- 30% to 40% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- There is a lot of organisational repair work often on the run.
- A lot of management time is wasted on continually putting out fires throughout the organisation.
- Management is putting significant resources into improving communication with employees.

A Culture of Blame





- \cdot 20% to 30% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- Large numbers of employees are openly pessimistic about the organisation's future.
- It is common to hear 'Communication is poor', 'There is no leadership', or 'Morale is bad'.
- There is a 'Them and Us' mentality. There is an automatic assumption that management will always have a hidden agenda.
- No matter how bad it is, employees assume it just cannot be changed.
- It is common for a 'Problem Pipeline' to exist.

A Culture of Blame+





- Less than 20% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- The organisation may experience a history of 'leadership churn' where senior leaders come and go quickly.
- Employees perceive that the 'ship' is rudderless and lacks direction.
- The organisation often tends to serve a difficult (and sometimes demanding) client base.
- Employees experience a sense of hopelessness which verges on despair.





Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

Types of Culture - Possible Action Strategies

Type of Culture

Action Strategies

A Culture of Success





- Use your strengths to drive performance make it work for you.
- Innovate look outside your current industry for new ideas.
- Watch out for burn-out of key individuals.
- Watch out for the signs that pride is creeping in. Pride (defined as believing your own publicity) will kill the strength of this Type of Culture.
- Watch out for 'Group Think'. Encourage and protect divergent, even unpopular, views.

A Culture of Ambition





- Team up project-finishers with project-initiators, otherwise you will end up with lots of good intentions and great ideas/plans but no concrete results from them.
- Control the number of projects and build budget accountability for them.
- Implement a Project Management System to control implementation of new projects.
- Say "No" to new projects more than you say "Yes".
- Celebrate the successes, especially when something is completed.
- Protect some risk-takers. Risk-taking can be a strong source of innovation.

Consolidation





- Focus your attention on the reporting units and cohorts that are still in the low-end cultures.
- Use the strengths of the units that have pushed ahead into the high-end cultures what are they doing that is working?
- Give attention to how problems are being fixed are the symptoms being fixed or are people getting down to fix the root causes?

A Culture of Reaction





- Put a ban on the jargon of Corporate-Speak in favour of the practicalities of Job-Speak. Convert corporate-style communications into 'how it affects people in their work'.
- Focus communication on answering the 3 most potent questions that employees have:
 - What exactly do you want me to do?
 - How will I do it?
 - Why should !?
- Look at how you can upgrade your Communication Strategy into a Performance Development Strategy.

A Culture of Blame or Blame +







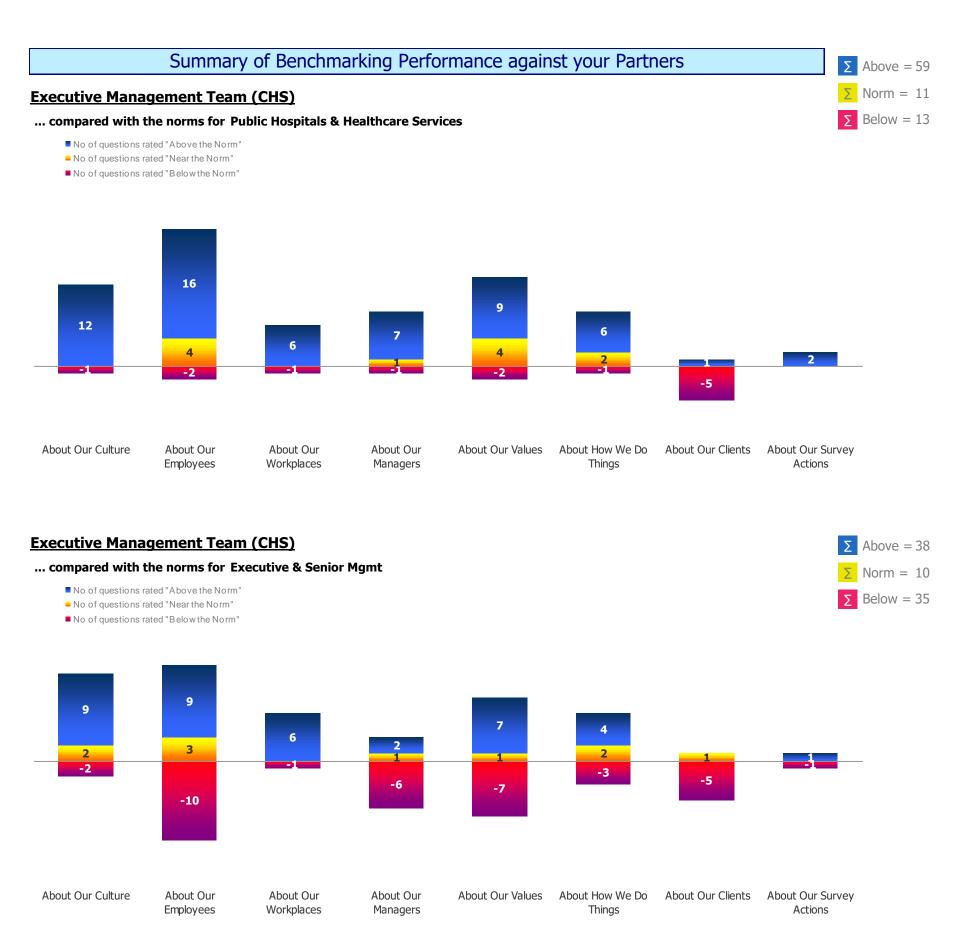


(Blame+

- Focus on getting lots of simple, highly-visible wins that affect people in their day-to-day work.
- Give credit where credit is due.
- Ensure visibility of executive in order to build levels of trust. Don't lock yourself in your office get out and about.
- Ensure stability in leadership roles. Employees in this culture often believe that they can outlast cultural change initiatives because the leader driving them will move on before
- Open up the 'Problem Pipeline'. The simple fact is that you can't keep a 'Problem Pipeline' bottled up forever.
- A simple way of dealing with a 'Problem Pipeline' is to make a list on a whiteboard of any problems you are aware of but that are not being dealt with or that you assume someone else is dealing with. You might start with 4 or 5 problems but the list will quickly build over the following days and weeks. The key idea is to fix each problem and then wipe it off the whiteboard. This is a very simple idea, hard to do but extremely effective.
- As problems get solved, this will build trust between managers and everyone else affected by these problems and it will build a sense of success and momentum that things are really starting to work. No-one likes being criticised or blamed but the ability to see and use the truth in it makes you stronger and gives you control over difficult situations.



Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).



These graphs reveal how your organisation/work unit compares against a chosen set of BPA Analytics benchmarking partner norms (as listed at the top of the graph).

Blue bars indicate the number of quantitative questions that benchmark above the industry norms. Red bars indicate the number of questions that benchmark below the industry norm. The number of questions that rate near the industry norm appear in yellow. The Sigma sign (Σ) represents the count of the number of questions above, below and on the norm.

The quantitative questions are grouped by each of the sections used in the BPA Analytics Scorecard in this report. This Scorecard displays how each question compares against the primary and secondary set of benchmarking partners - whether it rates above, below or near the norm.



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Benchmarking Perspective

The BPA Scorecard

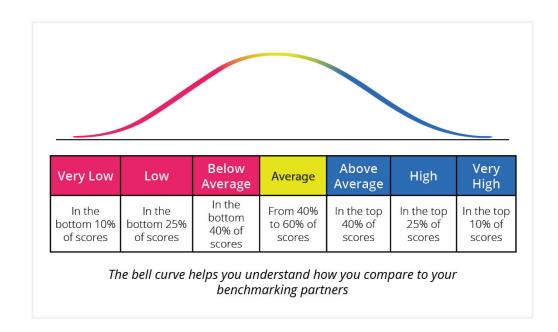
Throughout your BPA Report, you will see BPA Scorecards.

One of BPA's key sources of competitive edge as researchers is the company's expertise in benchmarking. When the company was established in 1992, its core competency was benchmarking, and this is still the case today.

Benchmarking is very diagnostic... it identifies your department's areas of strength, and opportunities for improvement. It puts your results into perspective.

External Benchmarking compares your department's quantitative ratings against the ratings from a set of external Benchmarking Partners.

In the BPA Scorecard (on the following pages), blue shading in boxes on the right-hand side are good – they are strengths relative to the normal range of ratings for each question. Red shading in boxes on the left-hand side indicate relative weakness and will suggest the need for improvements. Yellow shaded boxes indicate the rating is on the norm (average).

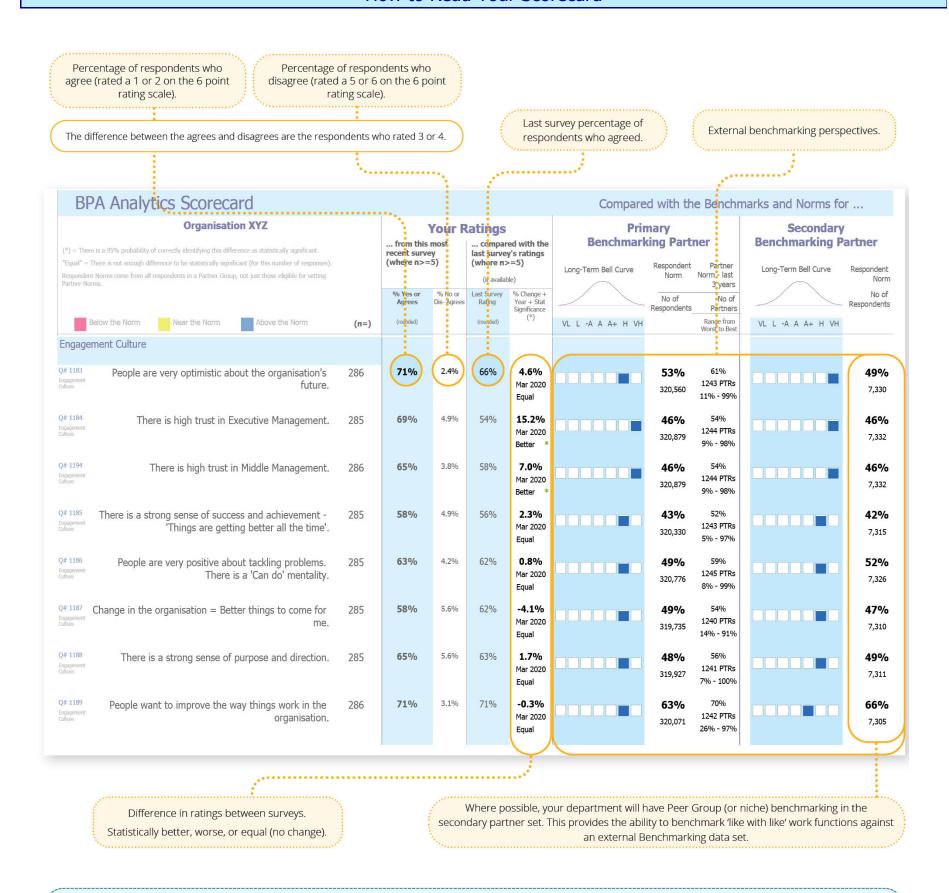


Benchmarking is very diagnostic... it identifies your department's areas of strength, and opportunities for improvement. It puts your results into perspective.



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How to Read Your Scorecard





Action Step - Answer these three questions

- 1. Which attributes are relatively stronger than the norm and how can you use this strength to achieve your organisational goals?
- 2. Which attributes are relatively weaker than the norm and how could this be impacting on your performance?
- **3.** Which 1 or 2 areas (amongst all the possible questions) need attention first?





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About Our Culture

BP	A Analytics Scorecard						Compare	d with th	e Benchr	narks and Norms fo	or
(*) = There	Executive Management Team (CHS) e is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		from this	most		ed with the y's ratings	Public Hospital Serv		hcare	Executive & Seni	or Mgmt
	here is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting ms.		(where n>=		(where n>	le)	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
B	selow the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	% Yes or Agrees (rounded)	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating (rounded)	% Change + Year + Stat Significance (*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Respondents	No of Partners Range from	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Respondents
Engag	ement Culture in Canberra Health Services - About Trust	, ,							Worst to Best		
	There is high trust in the Executive Management Team of Canberra Health Services.	21	71%	4 8%	71%	0.0% Jun 2021 Equal		36% 284,278	40% 460 PTRs 7% - 92%		51% 56,142
Q# 1184 Engagement Culture	There is high trust in Managers throughout Canberra Health Services.	21	52%	4 8%	50%	2.4% Jun 2021 Equal		36% 284,278	40% 460 PTRs 7% - 92%		51% 56,142
Q# 1194 Engagement Culture	There is high trust in Frontline Supervisors/Team Leaders.	21	71%	0 0%	57%	14.3% Jun 2021 Equal		36% 284,278	40% 460 PTRs 7% - 92%		51% 56,142
Q# 1190 Engagement Culture	There is a climate of 'Trust and Respect' throughout the organisation.	21	48%	4 8%	57%	- 9.5% Jun 2021 Equal		35% 284,396	37% 457 PTRs 9% - 97%		46% 56,921
Engag Moment	ement Culture in Canberra Health Services - About Forwar tum	d									
Q# 1183 Engagement Culture	People are very optimistic about the organisation's future.	21	67%	4 8%	69%	- 2.6% Jun 2021 Equal		40% 285,113	43% 460 PTRs 7% - 92%		56% 57,036
Q# 1185 Engagement Culture	There is a strong sense of success and achievement - 'Things are getting better all the time'.	21	67%	4 8%	57%	9.5% Jun 2021 Equal		31% 284,845	33% 459 PTRs 4% - 94%		46% 56,999
Q# 1186 Engagement Culture	People are very positive about tackling problems. There is a 'Can do' mentality.	21	62%	48%	71%	- 9.5% Jun 2021 Equal		39% 285,007	41% 459 PTRs 8% - 94%		51% 57,015
Q# 1187 Engagement Culture	Change in the organisation = Better things to come for me.	21	71%	4 8%	64%	7.1% Jun 2021 Equal		41% 284,431	42% 459 PTRs 14% - 91%		53% 56,958
Q# 1188 Engagement Culture	There is a strong sense of purpose and direction.	21	71%	4 8%	64%	7.1% Jun 2021 Equal		37% 284,248	40% 457 PTRs 8% - 93%		52% 56,880
Q# 1189 Engagement Culture	People want to improve the way things work in the organisation.	21	76%	48%	79%	- 2.4% Jun 2021 Equal		57% 284,505	59% 458 PTRs 28% - 96%		68% 56,900
Q# 1191 Engagement Culture	People are proud of the successes and achievements of the organisation.	21	76%	4 8%	64%	11.9% Jun 2021 Equal		50% 283,226	51% 459 PTRs 16% - 98%		65% 56,890





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About Our Employees

BPA Analytics Scorecard						Compare	d with th	e Benchn	narks and Norms fo	or
Executive Management Team (CHS)				atings		Public Hospital		hcare	Executive & Seni	or Mgmt
(*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. "Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses).		from this recent surve (where n>=	y	compar last surve (where n>		Serv				
Respondent Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting Partner Norms.		(Wilele II)	3)	(if availab	•	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
Paluta Iwillia		% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat		No of	3 years No of		No of Respondents
Below the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	Significance (*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH	Respondents	Partners Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	respondence
Employee Satisfaction with their Organisation								worst to Best		
Q# 6596 Organ meets Expectations Canberra Health Services consistently meets my most important expectations of it.	18	46%	11.1%	49%	- 2.5% Nov 2019 Equal		43% 204,191	41% 360 PTRs 15% - 71%		52% 42,398
Satisfaction with Conditions of Employment										
Q# 748 Employment Conditions Canberra Health Services provides Adequate flexibility in the hours/shifts I work.	20	65%	15.0%	73%	- 8.3% Nov 2019 Equal		59% 229,691	61% 362 PTRs 27% - 86%		71% 45,450
Q# 38386 Canberra Health Services provides Clear reporting lines.	19	74%	10.5%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 749 Employment Conditions Canberra Health Services provides Workloads that are fair and equitable.	19	47%	15.8%	60%	- 12.6% Nov 2019 Equal		43% 228,867	44% 362 PTRs 18% - 66%		50% 47,030
Q# 734 Employment Conditions Canberra Health Services provides A fair day's pay for a fair day's work.	20	60%	15.0%	73%	- 13.3% Nov 2019 Equal		51% 201,663	58% 315 PTRs 17% - 82%		58% 43,186
Q# 737 Employment Condit ons Canberra Health Services provides Good career opportunities.	20	65%	10.0%	80%	- 15.0% Nov 2019 Equal		39% 120,843	45% 142 PTRs 9% - 69%		52% 21,401
Q# 735 Employment Conditions Canberra Health Services provides Secure employment.	19	79%	10.5%	73%	5.6% Nov 2019 Equal		69% 107,577	74% 127 PTRs 44% - 86%		75% 18,252
Q# 741 Canberra Health Services provides Recognition of my achievements.	20	55%	15.0%	64%	- 9.3% Nov 2019 Equal		33% 124,793	37% 148 PTRs 12% - 60%		46% 22,025
The Decision to Leave the Organisation										
$_{ m Q\#37785}$ I intend to leave this organisation within 1 year.	20	15%	85.0%	0%	15.0% Nov 2019 Worse *		4% 52,401	5% 90 PTRs 18% - 1%		5% 11,025
Q# 37786 I intend to leave this organisation within 2 years.	20	20%	80.0%	21%	- 1.4% Nov 2019 Equal		10% 52,401	12% 90 PTRs 36% - 3%		12% 11,025
Work where I Feel in Control										
Q# 21588 I have a strong sense of Being in control of many of my work choices.	21	81%	4 8%	79%	2.4% Nov 2019 Equal		61% 41,306	59% 89 PTRs 29% - 71%		68% 9,572
Q# 21589 Personal Well- Being I have a strong sense of Being competent to do my role.	21	90%	0 0%	93%	- 2.9% Nov 2019 Equal		91% 41,406	91% 88 PTRs 81% - 98%		92% 9,593
Q# 21592 Personal Well-Being I have a strong sense of Making a difference in my chosen field.	21	90%	4 8%	93%	- 2.9% Nov 2019 Equal		77% 41,249	77% 89 PTRs 57% - 88%		84% 8,140
Work where I Feel Included										
$_{\text{Personal Well-Being}}^{\text{Q\# 36900}}$	21	86%	4 8%	100%	-14.3% Nov 2019 Worse *		76% 36,655	75% 78 PTRs 55% - 89%		81% 9,084
Work where I Feel Supported										
Q# 21596 I have a strong sense of Being supported in learning from my mistakes.	21	76%	9 5%	93%	- 17.1% Nov 2019 Equal		69% 41,212	69% 89 PTRs 39% - 88%		75% 9,505
Q# 21597 I have a strong sense of Being supported to achieve my personal and professional goals.	20	60%	10.0%	87%	-26.7% Nov 2019 Worse *		62% 41,191	61% 89 PTRs 32% - 77%		69% 9,267
Q# 36808 I have a strong sense of Being supported to look after myself.	20	65%	10.0%	86%	- 20.7% Nov 2019 Equal		65% 36,512	64% 78 PTRs 41% - 77%		71% 9,028





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About Our Employees

BPA	Analytics Scorecard					Compared with the Benchmarks and Norms for							
	Executive Management Team (CHS) a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		from this recent surve	most ey	last survey		Public Hospital Serv	ices		Executive & Senior Mgr			
	e is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). rms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting		(where n>=	:5)	(where n>	•	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm		
			% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance		No of Respondents	No of		No of Respondents		
Belo	w the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	(*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH			
	at I Feel is Worthwhile												
Q# 21713 Personal Well- Being	The work I do is Meaningful.	21	90%	4 8%	100%	- 9.5% Nov 2019 Equal		89% 36,723	89% 78 PTRs 77% - 97%		92% 9,013		
Q# 21714 Personal Well- Being	The work I do is Purposeful.	21	90%	4 8%	100%	- 9.5% Nov 2019 Equal		89% 36,681	90% 78 PTRs 77% - 97%		92% 9,000		
Q# 21715 Personal Well- Being	The work I do is Stimulating.	21	95%	0 0%	93%	1.9% Nov 2019 Equal		77% 36,606	77% 77 PTRs 57% - 89%		82% 7,352		
Q# 21711 Personal Well- Being	The work I do is Energising.	21	95%	0 0%	80%	15.2% Nov 2019 Equal		68% 36,514	67% 78 PTRs 49% - 83%		75% 7,336		
Q# 37332 Personal Well- Being	The work I do is Something I am proud of.	20	95%	5 0%	100%	- 5.0% Nov 2019 Equal		87% 36,541	87% 78 PTRs 75% - 93%		91% 8,972		
Supporti	ng Work-Life Balance												
Q# 700 Work-Life Balance	ly manager is aware of and accommodates work/life balance issues.	20	65%	15.0%	93%	-28.3% Nov 2019 Worse *		59% 36,050	70% 64 PTRs 38% - 84%		71% 3,308		
Q# 37718	My manager demonstrates that they care about my wellbeing.	20	65%	20.0%	100%	-35.0% Nov 2019 Worse *	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available			



Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

About Our Workplaces

BPA Analytics Scorecard					Compare	d with the	e Benchn	narks and Norms fo	or	
Executive Management Team (CHS) (*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		from this	most	atings	ed with the	Public Hospital Serv		hcare	Executive & Seni	or Mgmt
"Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Respondent Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting Partner Norms.		(where n>=		(where n>	=5)	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
		% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance (*)		No of Respondents	No of Partners		No of Respondents
Below the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)		VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
Team Problem-Solving Q# 1247 In my work team I feel safe in discussing work Team Problem-Solving problems with other team members.	21	95%	0 0%	87%	8.6% Nov 2019 Equal		71% 35,041	72% 73 PTRs 50% - 86%		80% 11,058
Q# 1248 Team Problem- Solving In my work team I feel safe in discussing work problems with my team leader.	21	67%	4 8%	86%	- 19.0% Nov 2019 Equal		71% 34,108	70% 69 PTRs 50% - 84%		79% 10,890
Effectiveness of Responses to Harassment and Bullying										
Over the past 12 months There has been a focus on identifying and addressing bullying and harassment.	19	58%	10.5%	87%	-28.8% Nov 2019 Worse *		44% 97,177	42% 189 PTRs 13% - 61%		51% 15,612
Q# 37724 Response to Bullying Over the past 12 months There has been access to appropriate training activities to address bullying and harassment.	19	63%	5 3%	73%	- 10.2% Nov 2019 Equal		46% 105,802	43% 190 PTRs 14% - 75%		51% 16,238
Q# 37725 Response to Bullying Over the past 12 months There has been a focus on reducing bullying and harassment in the workplace.	19	63%	5 3%	100%	-36.8% Nov 2019 Worse *		42% 100,732	41% 179 PTRs 17% - 59%		49% 15,980
Q# 37726 Response to Bullying Over the past 12 months My manager has clearly demonstrated their preparedness to eliminate bullying and harassment.	19	79%	5 3%	87%	- 7.7% Nov 2019 Equal		55% 113,732	57% 207 PTRs 22% - 79%		63% 17,951
Q# 37727 Response to bullying demonstrated their preparedness to eliminate bullying and harassment.	19	79%	0 0%	93%	- 14.4% Nov 2019 Equal		57% 108,344	57% 206 PTRs 22% - 72%		63% 17,556



Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

About Our Managers

BP	narks and Norms fo	or										
(*) - 7	Executive Management Team (CHS)		from this	most		ed with the	Public Hospital Serv	s & Healt rices	thcare	Executive & Senior Mg		
"Equal" = 7 Respondent	is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. here is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting		recent surve (where n>=		last survey (where n>	•	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Norm - last	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	
Partner Nor	ms.		% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance		No of Respondents	3 years No of Partners		No of Respondents	
В	elow the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	(*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH		
Manag	er as Coach											
Q# 59 Mgr as Coach	My manager Clearly communicates to me what they expect from me.	21	67%	0 0%	80%	- 13.3% Nov 2019 Equal		64% 228,304	66% 378 PTRs 39% - 85%		71% 47,332	
Q# 61 Mgr as Coach	My manager Gives me constructive feedback on my performance.	21	52%	23.8%	67%	- 14.3% Nov 2019 Equal		49% 226,927	52% 377 PTRs 27% - 72%		57% 47,105	
Q# 62 Mgr as Coach	My manager Helps me to set realistic performance objectives.	21	48%	23.8%	67%	- 19.0% Nov 2019 Equal		49% 225,633	53% 376 PTRs 27% - 75%		55% 45,876	
Q# 65 Mgr as Coach	My manager Reviews my progress in achieving my objectives.	21	48%	28.6%	67%	- 19.0% Nov 2019 Equal		43% 223,205	48% 372 PTRs 19% - 68%		51% 44,074	
Q# 67 Mgr as Coach	My manager Conducts annual performance reviews with me.	21	43%	23.8%	21%	21.4% Nov 2019 Equal		57% 213,901	65% 366 PTRs 20% - 90%		65% 43,850	
Q# 72 Mgr as Coach	My manager Is a role model I look up to and learn from.	21	57%	19.0%	87%	- 29.5% Nov 2019 Worse *		53% 215,951	57% 361 PTRs 26% - 75%		61% 44,095	
Outcor	nes for Good and Poor Performance											
Q# 68 Aiming for Good Performance	My manager Provides reward and recognition for outstanding performance.	21	62%	23.8%	31%	31.1% Oct 2015 Better *		42% 214,079	48% 352 PTRs 17% - 66%		49% 45,064	
Q# 69 Aiming for Good Performance	My manager Provides appreciation for good performance.	21	71%	19.0%	87%	- 15.2% Nov 2019 Equal		53% 217,441	58% 366 PTRs 20% - 74%		61% 46,276	
Q# 71 Aiming for Good Performance	My manager Is prepared to address poor performance in a constructive manner.	20	60%	5 0%	80%	- 20.0% Nov 2019 Equal		54% 219,425	57% 372 PTRs 26% - 73%		61% 44,590	





Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

About Our Values

	A Analytics Scorecard Executive Management Team (CHS)								ne Benchr		
			from this		Ratings	ed with the	Public Hospital Serv	s & Heali vices	thcare	Executive & Seni	or Mgmt
	is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. here is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses).		recent surv (where n>	ey	last surve	y's ratings	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent	Partner	Long-Term Bell Curve	Responden
Respondent Partner Norr	Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting ms.				(if availab	•	Long-Term Bell Curve	Norm	Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Deli Curve	Norr
			% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance		No of Respondents	No of Partners		No of Respondent
Be	elow the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	(*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
Values-	-In-Action by Respondents										
Q# 38387	I proudly put into practice the value Reliable - We always do what we say.	21	95%	4 8%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 38388	I proudly put into practice the value Progressive - We embrace innovation.	21	86%	4 8%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 38389	I proudly put into practice the value Respectful - We value everyone.	21	95%	48%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 38390	I proudly put into practice the value Kind - We make everyone feel welcome and safe.	20	95%	0 0%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Values	-In-Action by Work Colleagues										
Q# 1369 Values by Colleagues	The people I work with put into practice the value Reliable - We always do what we say.	21	95%	0 0%	87%	8.6% Nov 2019 Equal		69% 122,119	69% 217 PTRs 37% - 96%		73% 25,860
Q# 1370 Values by Colleagues	The people I work with put into practice the value Progressive - We embrace innovation.	21	67%	4 8%	67%	0.0% Nov 2019 Equal		69% 122,119	69% 217 PTRs 37% - 96%		73% 25,860
Q# 1371 Values by Colleagues	The people I work with put into practice the value Respectful - We value everyone.	21	76%	4 8%	87%	- 10.5% Nov 2019 Equal		69% 122,119	69% 217 PTRs 37% - 96%		73% 25,860
Q# 1372 Values by Colleagues	The people I work with put into practice the value Kind - We make everyone feel welcome and safe.	21	76%	0 0%	80%	-3.8% Nov 2019 Equal		69% 122,119	69% 217 PTRs 37% - 96%		73% 25,860
Values-	-In-Action by Managers										
Q# 10369 Values by Mgr	My manager/supervisor puts into practice the value Reliable - We always do what we say.	21	67%	4 8%	100%	-33.3% Nov 2019 Worse *		70% 56,918	69% 114 PTRs 41% - 87%		80% 9,216
Q# 10370 Values by Mgr	My manager/supervisor puts into practice the value Progressive - We embrace innovation.	21	67%	14.3%	100%	-33.3% Nov 2019 Worse *		70% 56,918	69% 114 PTRs 41% - 87%		80% 9,216
Q# 10371 Values by Mgr	My manager/supervisor puts into practice the value Respectful - We value everyone.	21	71%	14.3%	100%	-28.6% Nov 2019 Worse *		70% 56,918	69% 114 PTRs 41% - 87%		80% 9,216
Q# 10372 Values by Mgr	My manager/supervisor puts into practice the value Kind - We make everyone feel welcome and safe.	21	71%	9 5%	100%	-28.6% Nov 2019 Worse *		70% 56,918	69% 114 PTRs 41% - 87%		80% 9,216
Values-	-In-Action by Executive										
Q# 6085 Values by Exec	Canberra Health Services' Executive Management Team put into practice the value Reliable - We always do what we say	21	90%	9 5%	79%	11.9% Nov 2019 Equal		53% 58,243	52% 115 PTRs 19% - 80%		67% 10,745
Q# 6086 Values by Exec	Canberra Health Services' Executive Management Team put into practice the value Progressive - We embrace innovation	21	57%	4 8%	67%	- 9.5% Nov 2019 Equal		53% 58,243	52% 115 PTRs 19% - 80%		67% 10,745
Q# 6087 Values by Exec	Canberra Health Services' Executive Management Team put into practice the value Respectful - We value everyone.	21	76%	14.3%	73%	2.9% Nov 2019 Equal		53% 58,243	52% 115 PTRs 19% - 80%		67% 10,745
Q# 6088 Values by Exec	Canberra Health Services' Executive Management Team put into practice the value Kind - We make everyone feel welcome and safe.	21	67%	9 5%	80%	- 13.3% Nov 2019 Equal		53% 58,243	52% 115 PTRs 19% - 80%		67% 10,745
Respor	nding to Behaviour Contrary to the Values										
Q# 10493 Values Reinforced	If I observed an employee not demonstrating Our Values I would At an appropriate time or place, discuss with them the behaviour I saw and how it was inconsistent with Our Values.	21	95%	0 0%	93%	1.9% Nov 2019 Equal		56% 67,448	56% 132 PTRs 38% - 72%		74% 9,660
Q# 10495 Values Reinforced	If I observed an employee not demonstrating Our Values I would Report this behaviour to their supervisor.	21	81%	0 0%	73%	7.6% Nov 2019 Equal		60% 67,055	60% 132 PTRs 45% - 81%		70% 9,560
Q# 10494 Values Reinforced	If I observed an employee not demonstrating Our Values I would Trust that if such behaviour was reported, then it would be appropriately managed.	21	52%	9 5%	79%	- 26.2% Nov 2019 Equal		50% 67,058	46% 132 PTRs 24% - 75%		59% 9,565





Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

About How We Do Things

BP	A Analytics Scorecard	Compared with the Benchmarks and Norms for									
(*) = There	Executive Management Team (CHS) is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		from this recent surve	most Y	last surve	ed with the y's ratings	Public Hospital Serv		thcare	Executive & Seni	or Mgmt
	here is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Horms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting ms.		(where n>=	5) % No or	(where n>	-	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
E	selow the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	% Yes or Agrees (rounded)	Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating (rounded)	Year + Stat Significance (*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Respondents	No of Partners Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Respondents
The Pa	ace & Direction of Change								Worst to best		
Q# 1254 Confidence about the Future	The changes that the organisation introduces are well planned, well thought-out and client focussed.	21	43%	9 5%	47%	-3.8% Nov 2019 Equal		28% 79,553	32% 72 PTRs 14% - 63%		41% 15,605
Q# 1255 Fast & Focused	The organisation introduces change quickly. It is fast, focussed and flexible.	21	14%	33.3%	13%	1.0% Nov 2019 Equal		20% 79,203	27% 75 PTRs 4% - 56%		28% 15,069
Impro	vements Over the Past Year										
Q# 4459 Things are Improving	Overall, the organisation has made significant improvements during the past year.	21	48%	4 8%	93%	-45.7% Nov 2019 Worse *		36% 63,402	36% 114 PTRs 8% - 74%		54% 12,589
Q# 208 Things are Improving	During the past year, there has been an improvement in Communication in the organisation.	21	76%	4 8%	100%	-23.8% Nov 2019 Worse *		32% 92,708	43% 148 PTRs 15% - 62%		43% 15,472
Q# 209 Things are Improving	During the past year, there has been an improvement in Motivation in the organisation.	21	52%	9 5%	80%	-27.6% Nov 2019 Worse *		27% 67,723	37% 102 PTRs 5% - 61%		38% 14,440
Q# 201 Things are Improving	During the past year, there has been an improvement in The organisation's services and facilities.	21	67%	0 0%	40%	26.7% Nov 2019 Equal		38% 47,636	35% 90 PTRs 5% - 81%		58% 7,830
Oppor	tunities to Have a Positive Influence										
Q# 38399	In the last week, I had the opportunity to do something that was a positive influence in my team and the organisation in this time of change.	21	71%	0 0%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Manag	ement Support with Change										
Q# 18972 Resilience in Transition	My manager has the skills and capability to support me in this time of change.	21	62%	14.3%	100%	-38.1% Nov 2019 Worse *		63% 10,126	61% 18 PTRs 34% - 74%		69% 2,982
Q# 11643 Resilience in Transition	My manager is supportive in this time of change.	21	67%	9 5%	100%	-33.3% Nov 2019 Worse *		65% 11,883	65% 26 PTRs 40% - 74%		70% 4,060
Q# 11642 Resilience in Transition	The Executive Management Team is supportive in this time of change.	21	76%	48%	93%	- 17.1% Nov 2019 Equal		42% 11,963	41% 27 PTRs 15% - 57%		58% 3,743





Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

About Our Clients

BP	A Analytics Scorecard						Compare	d with th	e Benchr	narks and Norms fo	or
	Executive Management Team (CHS) is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		from this recent surve	most ey	last surve	ed with the y's ratings	Public Hospital Serv		thcare	Executive & Seni	or Mgmt
	here is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting ms.		(where n>=	5)	(where n>	•	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
			% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance		No of Respondents	No of Partners		No of Respondents
В	elow the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	(*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
	mer Safety Measures - Preventative, Detective & Corrective	9									
Q# 6116 CI ent Safety Culture	Commitment - People in my work unit are highly conscious of the potential for adverse consumer safety events.	20	85%	0 0%	93%	- 7.9% Nov 2019 Equal		87% 107,392	88% 239 PTRs 67% - 99%		87% 13,139
Q# 6117 Clent Safety Culture	Vigilance - People in my work unit report adverse consumer safety events and complaints quickly and openly.	20	85%	0 0%	100%	-15.0% Nov 2019 Worse *		83% 106,437	84% 239 PTRs 59% - 97%		84% 12,993
Q# 6120 Clent Safety Culture	Learning - People in my work unit treat consumer safety events as learning opportunities.	20	70%	0 0%	93%	-22.9% Nov 2019 Worse *		79% 105,991	80% 238 PTRs 53% - 96%		81% 12,953
Q# 11224 Clent Safety Culture	Reliability - People in my work unit always follow evidence, guidelines, standards, procedures and pathways no matter how difficult this might be.	20	70%	0 0%	86%	- 15.7% Nov 2019 Equal		77% 76,391	76% 149 PTRs 58% - 93%		79% 9,299
Q# 11225 CLent Safety Culture	Escalation - People in my work unit exercise good judgement about when to escalate a deterioration in a consumer's condition.	20	70%	0 0%	86%	- 15.7% Nov 2019 Equal		86% 74,917	86% 148 PTRs 66% - 97%		86% 9,067
Q# 11226 Clent Safety Culture	Perseverance - People in my work unit will persevere in escalating concerns when they believe it's clinically appropriate.	20	70%	0 0%	93%	-22.9% Nov 2019 Worse *		85% 72,531	84% 141 PTRs 64% - 97%		85% 9,067
Comm	itment to Consumer Safety										
Q# 38401	I am committed to doing everything I can to ensure consumer safety.	20	100%	0 0%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37738 Consumer Safety Commitment	My Manager is committed to doing everything they can to ensure consumer safety.	20	95%	0 0%	100%	- 5.0% Nov 2019 Equal	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37737 Consumer Safety Commitment	The Executive responsible for my workplace is committed to doing everything they can to ensure consumer safety.	20	90%	0 0%	100%	- 10.0% Nov 2019 Equal	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37736 Consumer Safety Commitment	The Executive Management Team are committed to doing everything they can to ensure consumer safety.	20	95%	0 0%	87%	8.3% Nov 2019 Equal	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	





Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

About Our Survey Actions

	Executive Management Team (CHS)		,	Your R	atings		Public Hospital	s & Healt	hcare	Executive & Senior Mgn		
(*) = There	s a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		from this	most	_	ed with the	Serv					
	ere is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses).					/ s raungs ·=5)		Respondent	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Lana Tarra Ball Corre	D	
Respondent I Partner Norm	forms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting s.					le)	Long-Term Bell Curve	Norm		Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	
			% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance		No of Respondents	No of		No of Respondents	
Ве	low the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	(*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH		
Feedba	ck on the Last Survey											
# 37774	I completed the 2019 CHS Workplace Culture Survey.	15	73%	20.0%	82%	- 8.5% Nov 2019	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available		
# 37775	I received feedback on the findings of the last employee survey From CHS (e.g. CEO presentation).	17	71%	11.8%	78%	- 7.2% Nov 2019 Equal	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available		
# 37776	I received feedback on the findings of the last employee survey from my Executive/Manager.	16	69%	18.8%	100%	-31.3% Nov 2019 Worse *	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available		
# 37777	Action was taken as a result of the last survey.	17	71%	11.8%	40%	30.6% Nov 2019 Equal		24% 9,299	27% 23 PTRs 5% - 53%		35% 3,932	
# 37778	There was a positive impact resulting from the last survey.	17	29%	17.6%	30%	- 0.6% Nov 2019 Equal		17% 9,277	20% 23 PTRs 1% - 40%		45% 2,191	



Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

About Our Workplaces

BPA Analytic	s Snaps	shot	Yo	our Ratings	(*)		
Executive Management Team (CHS)		Curren	t Survey			Survey	
(*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. "Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses).	(n=)	% Yes or Agrees	% Middle Rated	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Chang Last Sur Year Significa	rvey + r +
Prevalence of Being Subjected to Bullying, Harassment, Favouritism or Discrimination in the Work	place						
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Bullying in the workplace.	21	24%		76.2%	0%	23 8% 2019	Worse
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Harassment in the workplace.	21	10%		90.5%	20%	-10 5% 2019	Equal
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Discrimination in the workplace.	21	5%		95.2%	0%	4.8% 2019	Equal
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Favouritism in the workplace.	21	10%		90.5%	0%	9.5% 2019	Equal
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Bullying or Harassment in the workplace.	21	24%		76.2%	40%	-16 2% 2019	Equal
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Bullying or Harassment or Discrimination or Favouritism in the workplace.	21	24%		76.2%	40%	-16 2% 2019	Equal
Reporting Harassment and Bullying - Experienced							
When I experienced harassment or bullying I \dots Reported this behaviour.	7	43%	14.3%	42.9%			
When I experienced harassment or bullying I \dots Knew how to go about reporting such behaviour.	7	86%	0.0%	14.3%			
When I experienced harassment or bullying I \dots Trusted that, if such behaviour was reported, then it would be appropriately managed.	7	14%	71.4%	14.3%			
Reporting Harassment and Bullying - Observed							
When I observed harassment or bullying I \dots Reported this behaviour.	11	82%	9.1%	9.1%			
When I observed harassment or bullying I \dots Knew how to go about reporting such behaviour.	11	91%	0.0%	9.1%			
When I observed harassment or bullying I \dots Trusted that, if such behaviour was reported, then it would be appropriately managed.	11	73%	18.2%	9.1%			
Personally Subjected to Occupational Violence							
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Occupational Violence.	21	5%		95.2%	20%	-15 2% 2019	Equal
Attitudes Towards Occupational Violence							
Occupational Violence is generally accepted as being 'part of the job' in my workplace.	18	6%	33.3%	61.1%	0%	5.6% 2019	Equal
Canberra Health Services - Safety@Work							
Managers always take work, health and safety seriously.	21	90%	4.8%	4.8%	93%	-2.9% 2019	Equal
Managers always take action to address identified work, health and safety issues.	21	81%	14.3%	4.8%	80%	1.0% 2019	Equal
Employees are always consulted on decisions that impact on their work, health and safety.	21	81%	19.0%	0.0%	60%	21 0% 2019	Equal
When I act safely I always receive positive support and recognition in my team.	21	71%	23.8%	4.8%	60%	11.4% 2019	Equal
In this organisation, staff safety is considered as important as patient safety.	21	90%	4.8%	4.8%	67%	23 8% 2019	Equal
Overall, the organisation has a strong, effective staff safety culture.	21	81%	14.3%	4.8%			



2021 Workplace Culture Survey

Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

Background to the Net Promoter Score^{s™}

The Net Promoter Score^{5M} (NPS® Bain & Company, Inc., Satmetrix Systems, Inc., and Fred Reichheld) provides a gauge of respondent loyalty and engagement. Respondents are categorised into three types based on their response to the key question: "On a scale of 0 to 10, how likely are you to recommend this organisation?"



Promoters (score of 9 or 10):

People who feel their lives are enriched by their relationships with the organisation. Promoters typically go the extra mile for the organisation, they are loyal, and promote the organisation.

Passives (score of 7 or 8)

People who are fairly satisfied, but not loyal. They rarely talk up the organisation, and when they do, it's likely to be qualified and unenthusiastic. If a better offer comes along, they are likely to defect.

Detractors (score of 0 to 6):

People who feel their lives have been diminished by their associations with the organisation. They are dissatisfied and even dismayed by how they are treated. They frequently speak negatively about the organisation and are likely to defect as soon as they find something better.



References

Bain and Co (2013). Who's responsible for employee engagement? Line supervisors, not HR, must lead the charge. Bain and Company, New York.

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Executive Management Team (CHS)			et Pro	moter 9	Scores	Public Hospitals & Healthcare			Executive & Senior Mgmt	
) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. qual" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). espondent Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting rither Norms.		from this most recent survey (where n>=5)		compared with the last survey's ratings (where n>=5) (if available)		Serv Long-Term Bell Curve		Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
Below the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	NPS	% Promoters Passives Detractors	Last Survey NPS	% Change + Year + Stat Significance (*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Respond ents	No of Partners Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Res- pondents
vocating for the Organisation - The Net Promoter Score										
would recommend my organisation (where appropriate) as a good place to work.	20	+20.0	35% 50% 15%	+28.6	- 8.6 Jun 2021 Equal		+9.1 94,627	+1.9 164 PTRs -62.6 to +95.6		+29.2 19,357
would recommend my organisation (where appropriate) as the best choice for the type of service provided.	21	+9.5	33% 43% 24%	+35.7	- 26.2 Jun 2021 Equal		+23.3 90,173	+14.9 151 PTRs -54.3 to +93.4		+ 42.2 18,556





Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

Now that I understand my report, what do I do next?

The KEEP, STOP, START Action Planning Template

This Action Planning Template is a quick and easy way to reflect on the results of your department's most recent BPA Analytics Survey.

The KEEP, STOP, START approach to Action Planning has been around for years, but you know what ... it actually works! Following the KEEP, STOP, START method will help you identify areas for quick action, and hopefully you will get positive movement and traction in a few areas in the culture of your department.

The ground rules of Action Planning are...

- Don't make an Action Plan of 10 things to do ... you will never do 10!
- Pick 3 things to action, at most in each of the Keep, Stop, Start.
- If you pick the right 3, and you work really hard on these 3, then you will experience what we call the 'ripple effect'.

The BPA questions are interconnected, if you work on one area (e.g. Engagement) it tends to have a positive ripple effect on other areas. Take the Values section as an example. If you work on Values and have a strategy around Values and behaviours, you will find it ripples positively through the culture, and by happy accident, the Engagement scores may increase, the incidence of Bullying or Harassing behaviours may decrease. Rely on the ripple effect ... do a few things really well, rather than targeting 10 things and doing them not so well.

Example Only

This de-identified department's result from its BPA Survey revealed:

 In general, the employees were pretty down on the Executive, their managers, and each other!

The department experienced...

- A drop in the level of Employee Engagement between BPA surveys by 16%.
- An increase in the level of Employee Disengagement between surveys by 7%;
- A decrease in the Truly Great Place to Work result by 33%.

Going forward, working on the results of this survey for our team, these are some things we are going to Keep, Stop, and Start doing!



This is good... but we can be better.

- Keep up the sense of being proud of what we do, in having pride in the services we deliver to our clients.
- Keep up our focus on Safety and the Wellbeing indicators of each individual feeling competent at what they do and making a difference in their field. Promote our successes and achievements!



A couple of areas of weakness that we are going to stop.

- Tolerating any unreasonable behaviours in our workplace.
- Letting any potential problems linger on our team's approach to problem solving will be to address problems as they pop up and press hard to find innovative solutions to these problems – get to the root cause of the problem.



Things we're going to start doing.

- Using our Values at the team level we need to live by them in our team, and have the courage to speak up (in a respectful way) if we observe a behaviour that is not 'living the values'. Let's start with the fundamental Value of Respect.
- Our managers are going to reflect and change-up their leadership behaviours by picking 2-3 attributes that didn't rate as strong in this survey. Some examples include listening, holding people accountable, addressing any poor performance and creating the sense of team cohesion and purpose.
- We are a small team. Our solidarity metric (the Truly Great Place to Work) took a hit this survey. We need to work on building this sense of camaraderie back up in the team. It is all about how we interact with each other, how our leaders engage with the team, how we are accountable and responsible for our own area of work.

2021 Workplace Culture Survey



Executive Management Team (CHS)

Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

How do I feedback the results to my staff?

The BPA Report is a management tool. You want an engaged workforce, where people feel motivated to come to work, to do their best, to drive the strategy of your organisation (and your department).

The value out of the survey process becomes real when employees receive feedback, they feel they were listened to and that something will be done with the results.

Receiving a report about your own management style, how you lead your team, the level of trust, any unreasonable behaviours at play, can sometimes be very confronting.

Sometimes managers have what I call a SARAH moment when they receive the BPA report. SARAH is my take on Elisabeth Kübler-Ross' stages of grieving ... a humorous take. Outlined below are some commandments when rolling out BPA results to your team.

They are grouped by thou shalt and thou shalt not.

Thou shalt -

Be open and lead with the positives at the beginning of the discussion.

Do run the meeting by being open to the things you may not necessarily agree with.

Do finish the meeting by focusing on making decisions about the actions going forward, what you are going to do as the manager and your expectations of each member of the team as well.

S stands for Shock:



"I can't believe anyone would say such a thing!"

A stands for Anger:



"I feel outraged by this feedback!"

R stands for Revenge:



"I'll knee-cap them, slash their car tyres, and..."

A stands for Acceptance:



"Well, employees were asked to 'have their say', this feedback is all part of being a leader."

H stands for Help:



"I need coaching on the best way to use this information."

Thou shalt not

Don't try and figure out who said what

Don't mock people's opinions as most (perhaps not all) try sincerely to provide genuine feedback.

Don't blame people above you. Focus on what you can control.

Don't bury people in too much information. Give them the highlights and the BPA At A Glance is a good place to start.

Don't go into your meeting unprepared, thinking "I can wing this" – you will come a

gut-sa!

Don't shut people down (unless they are trying to monopolise the meeting). If so do this respectfully.

Don't make promises you are not prepared to keep or not able to action.

Don't blame the team for a not-so great result. Every culture has strengths.

Don't hand out narrative text – staff don't necessarily want their comments to be front page news. This is a high risk strategy and will just fuel gossip.

2021 Workplace Culture Survey



Executive Management Team (CHS)

Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

Q and A

This section might just answer some of the questions you have about the BPA report.

Q. The last time the BPA survey was conducted in our organisation, my department was in a Culture of Success, now it's in Consolidation. What happened, what can I do about that?

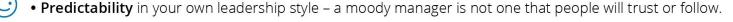


A. One thing to understand is that Organisational Culture is like a bank account... sometimes you might have to spend a bit of the bank account when you are introducing unpopular change. The key lies in knowing when to re-build. The only thing constant in an organisation is change – it happens, it is a fact of life. Building a level of resilience in the culture is the first step. Getting your employees focused on the fact that change is going to happen, it is going to bite us on the nose at any time and that we have to be prepared for it. Go through the 10 Engagement questions carefully to see where you 'lost ground' between surveys. Was it in trust, was it in employee's motivation, was it in change? Then focus on one area to rebuild the level of engagement. Campaign building trust ... build trust and it builds engagement.

Q. How do I build trust?

A. Trust is the glue that binds a team (and an organisation) together. You can't change a culture without it. The things that build trust:







Q. My benchmarking summary graph (the overall counts in blue, red and yellow) has lots of blue for About Our Managers ... but lots of red for About Our Culture. What does this mean?

A. This might be a little unpalatable to hear ... but you have to be careful you aren't adopting the potential for manager disconnect in your management and leadership style. An attribute of the best managers I have seen, is that they can win the hearts and minds of their people to go with them and their leadership ... and to go with the organisation. They don't bunker their team down. The signs and symptoms of a responsible manager versus a manager that might be potentially disconnected are illustrated in the next column. Have a read ... it might be confronting ... but ask yourself 'do I do any of the disconnected behaviours' and if you are honest in your self-evaluation you will welcome the opportunity to develop yourself and change a set of behaviours that you might not necessarily be even aware of. But whatever you do, try not to adopt a bunker mentality to protect yourself and your employees.

The potential for Manager Disconnect is a label developed by BPA that applies to a phenomenon where managers have disconnected their managerial responsibilities and surrendered them to the organisation. Examples of this behaviour include:

A manager who is potentially disconnecting ...

Denigrates the organisation and its executive in front of their staff.

Tries to be everyone's friend, even when it means ignoring performance problems.

Doesn't want to take on the normal responsibilities of a manager, but wants the title and the pay.

A responsible manager ...

if they privately disagree with them.

Is friendly but firm in requiring appropriate performance levels.

Accepts their responsibilities as a manager, even if it means some discomfort in the workplace.

Q. My benchmarking summary graph (the overall counts in blue, red, and yellow) has **lots of blue for About Our Culture** but **not for About Our Managers**. What does this mean?

A. The questions on the BPA survey are asked at 3 levels ... your employees' working life in the organisation (the entity that employs them), their working life in their team, their working life with you the manager, the person who guides and directs their performance.

If your employees' evaluation of your leadership style doesn't come up rosy, then this represents an opportunity for you personally. The best managers I have come across know themselves very well – they know their personal attributes – what they are like at their peak, what they are like when they are stressed. They seek information about their style that will make them a better manager, and we can always be better. It is a huge responsibility being a manager, and receiving feedback on our management and leadership style comes with the title. Look for areas of strength in your style based on the evaluation of how others see you. Use the Leadership profile as an opportunity to gain insight into how others see you. Drop any defensiveness – I know sometimes the evaluation can be hard hitting, but take it on board and grow.





Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

What Works when Changing Culture - The Power of Values

What does BPA think are the most successful forms of cultural change?

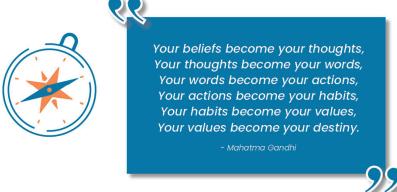
Over the past 29 years of measuring Organisational Culture, the two most powerful forms of cultural change we have observed that work are:

- 1. **The power of Values** and the behaviours that underpin them.
- 2. **The power of managers** truly taking on the role of being a Performance Coach holding people accountable, not only for their performance, but their behaviours too.

If you do nothing but focus on these 2 things, hopefully you will get some traction in a positive way.

The Power of Values

There is power in a strong set of Organisational Values as Values are the anchor that you as a manager can use during times of major or turbulent change. They are an organisation's moral compass.



Values do 2 things

for an organisation and a team:

- 1. They will guide the organisation's decisions and priorities strategic and day-to-day; and
- 2. They will establish the boundaries for acceptable and unacceptable behaviour.

Everything changes ... Buildings change, People change, Client's and Member's expectations change, Governments change, Funding Levels change, Workload and activity change, Climates change, Economies change, Managers and Leaders change.

The one constant that can stay the same in the midst of major change is an organisation's Values ... and how these are put into practice.

Finally when it comes to Values, in the best organisations BPA has measured, we have identified these organisations do 3 things very well with their Values, they ...



As a manager of a team, think about these practices.



Do you speak to your Organisation's Values when you are recruiting new people into your team? Do you ask the potential new recruit to draw on their past experiences to find out if they will be a good fit for your department?



Do you acknowledge great performance (rewarding doesn't have to be materialistic).



Are there consequences for people who don't live by the Values, for any behaviours that are contrary to the defined set of behaviours that underpin your organisation's Values?

The 3 Types of Values BPA has Observed

BPA Analytics' (BPA) research into Organisation Values has found 3 broad categories of values.

- 1. Aspirational Values;
- 2. Inspirational Values; and
- 3. Foundational Values



Aspirational Values

These are values that an organisation may aspire to. Examples could include Excellence, Service, Continuous Improvement, Communication or Teamwork. In our observation, most Company Values are of the Aspirational kind.



Inspirational Values

These are values that have an underlying cause that inspires its workforce and sometimes even clients. They typically have a 'call to action'. They might include "to fight cancer" or "to end animal testing on cosmetic products". They are visionary and motivational in a way that "excellence" or "teamwork" is not.

Foundational Values



These are values that are practical and pragmatic. They are values that the organisation must have on a day-to-day basis in order to ensure it functions smoothly. Failure to live these values will typically see both the organisation and its members suffer.





Analysis of data collected up until 12-Nov-21 from the surveys of 21 respondents (response rate of 100%).

What Works when Changing Culture - The Power of Managers

The Power of a Manager being a Performance Coach

The best managers I have come across, as mentioned earlier, know themselves very well, and they take on the role of being a performance coach, they wear a manager's hat.

They embrace the principles of a great coach by ...



Clearly (and regularly) communicating the expectations they have of each member of their team;



Guiding them on their performance;



Constructively giving feedback on their performance;



Helping their employees to plan how to improve their performance;



Providing appreciation for good performance;



Providing support and guidance on how to overcome any performance shortfalls;



Addressing poor performance constructively;



Being a role model their employees look up to and learn from;



Wrapping up all of these practices with some form of annual review. Some do quarterly or 6 monthly reviews. If the manager is doing all of the above, the Performance Review process should not produce any surprises.

The Recipe for Successful Cultural Change Has Four Essential Ingredients



A **shared vision** on what you are trying to achieve.



The **resources** (especially time) to implement the changes.



The **will to do it** - a commitment from you as the manager.



A **plan** with dates, accountabilities, and (especially) the first step.

All four of these components are essential - not just 2 or 3.



The BPA Top Drawer Report



2021 Workplace Culture Survey

Canberra Health Services

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

A BPA Analytics Survey

Why is it called the Top Drawer Report?

Because it is an overview of the data from the BPA Analytics Survey - something you can keep in your top drawer for quick reference.





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

Welcome

This BPA Report is intended to help you, the manager, interpret and use the results from the BPA survey most productively.

Your people took the time to complete the BPA survey. They want to know they were listened to, and that something will be done with the results.

We all spend a lot of time at work, in our labour. Your role as a manager is to use this information to reflect on your own management and leadership style (after all, Organisational Culture is leadership driven) and to get the best from your team.

We have provided you with a report that contains the very real perceptions your employees have of their working life.

Regardless of whether these perceptions are a correct (or incorrect) interpretation of reality, the simple and unavoidable fact is:

- · Your employees have these perceptions;
- Your employees use these perceptions to frame their actions and behaviours;
- Your employees' actions and behaviours will either drive, or limit, your department's performance;

We hope you are able to use your BPA Report to identify 2 or 3 things to action and make sure you do limit your Action Plan to a maximum of 3 things. We know from experience that this will maximise your chances of achieving a result.

Good luck!

Jacqui ParleDirector Consulting Services
BPA Analytics







Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

Your Response Rate/s

How reliably you can use the data contained in your BPA Report all starts with the response rate. Typically, the first wave of employees responding to the survey (between 10-12%) provide responses that are on the whole about 3-4% more positive than the entire cohort responding to the survey. To allow for this to level out, our research has found that the response rate needs to reach about 40%.

In reporting units where the response rate falls below this threshold, data is indicative, not definitive and should be used with caution - and not to base any major decisions.

The higher your response rate, the more confidently you can use the data to form the basis for change initiatives.



Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

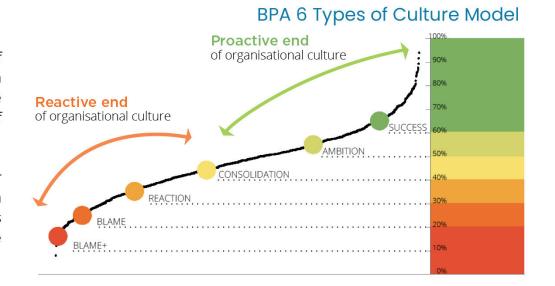
Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

Measuring Your Engagement

Measuring Engagement

BPA's years of experience and knowledge of what works, and what doesn't work has been instrumental in formulating BPA's signature model of Engagement Culture -The 6 Types of Culture Model.

This model has been used extensively by our client organisations. It is very popular with both executive and front-line managers, because it is simple to follow and has a very strong intuitive match with day-to-day lived work experiences.



BPA's method for evaluating a group's Engagement Culture involves 2 steps:

- Measuring the percentage of respondents who report themselves as experiencing their working life in Step 1: an Engagement Cycle.
- Step 2: Plotting this Engagement Cycle against BPA Type of Culture chart in order to identify your own Type of Culture. This is an empirical test because this chart is derived from the actual results of other organisations contained in BPA's extensive Research Database.

Based on over 750,000 respondents, BPA observes that organisations can be broken down into 3 groups of people:

Engagement Cycle

Those who experience their working life in an Engagement Cycle (either personally or in their work unit).

They are:

- · Openly positive, optimistic and engaged about the organisation's future.
- · Ready for change and ready to trust management.
- Average of 45% of organisational employees.

Swinging Voters

Those who sit on the fence – the Swinging Voters. They are:

- Neither openly positive nor openly negative.
- Inclined to just want to come to work to do their job and not engage with organisational purposes.
- Average of 40% of organisational employees.

DisEngagement Cycle

Those who experience their working life in a DisEngagement Cycle (either personally or in their work unit). They are:

- · Openly negative, pessimistic and disengaged from the organisation's future.
- Reluctant to change and distrustful of management.
- · Average of 15% of organisational employees.

Staff feel personally involved Change = Better things Staff want to improve to come High trust "Can do" Mentality in management Strong sense of Success/Momentum 'This is really working" Self-Protection "Only do what I have to do" Alienation from work Change = Danger "Just a job" "Things are too hard" Low trust mentality in management Blame **Poor Communication**

Poor Leadership



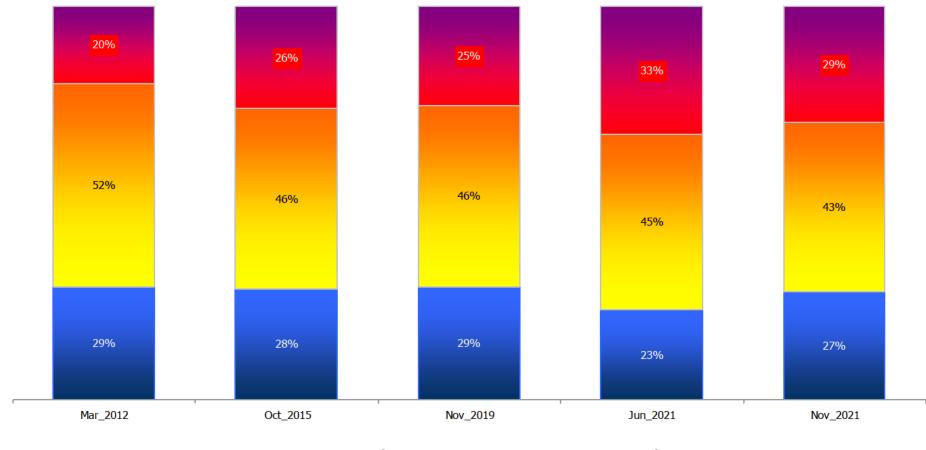


Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

Your Organisation's Cycles

The chart below shows the %age of your respondents who are in each Cycle - Engaged, Swinging Voter and DisEngaged. If this has been measured in any previous survey, then this chart will also show how this is trending over time. The additional charts over the page give some comparisons from BPA Analytics' workforce database.



■ Engagement Cycle ■ Swinging Voters ■ DisEngagement Cycle



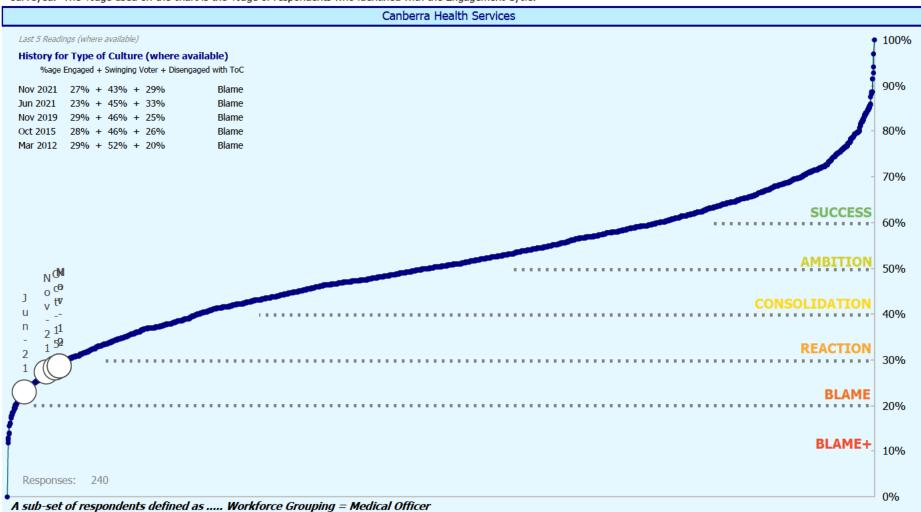


Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

Your Type of Engagement Culture

Your Type of Engagement Culture is identified as the bubble on the chart below. The 'squiggly' line is a full series of dots - each dot is a separate organisation that BPA Analytics has surveyed. The %age used on the chart is the %age of respondents who identified with the Engagement Cycle.





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

Types of Culture - Descriptors

A Culture of Success





- More than 60% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- Large numbers of employees are optimistic about the organisation's future. There is a strong sense of success and achievement. 'Things are getting better all the time'.
- Employees are very positive and proactive about tackling problems. There is a 'Can Do' mentality.
- This Type of Culture is very close-knit, very cohesive, and very focused. Anyone who doesn't 'fit in' tends to be squeezed out by peer pressure. There is a risk of 'Group Think' which enforces conformity to the norm and stifles self-reflection and self-critique.

A Culture of Ambition





- 50% to 60% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- Organisations at this stage are not satisfied with their current level of performance or their current way of doing business. They are ambitious for new and better ways of moving ahead.
- An 'Anything is Possible' mentality is quite common. This type of organisation tends to be very innovative many see themselves as 'Project City'.
- There is a risk that the organisation commits to too many projects or fails to complete projects before moving on.
- Needs a strong fiscal discipline and the ability to say 'NO' to too many projects.

A Culture of Consolidation





- 40% to 50% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- This is often a culture in transition. It tends to be fragmented (some work units are in low-end cultures and some in high-end cultures).
- There is pressure to consolidate the gains already made.
- Employees refer to the need for 'a breather'.
- Not a lot of remedial action is required in this culture.

A Culture of Reaction





- 30% to 40% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- There is a lot of organisational repair work often on the run.
- A lot of management time is wasted on continually putting out fires throughout the organisation.
- Management is putting significant resources into improving communication with employees.

A Culture of Blame





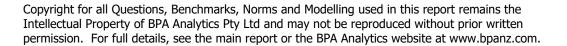
- 20% to 30% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- Large numbers of employees are openly pessimistic about the organisation's future.
- It is common to hear 'Communication is poor', 'There is no leadership', or 'Morale is bad'.
- There is a 'Them and Us' mentality. There is an automatic assumption that management will always have a hidden agenda.
- No matter how bad it is, employees assume it just cannot be changed.
- It is common for a 'Problem Pipeline' to exist.

A Culture of Blame+





- Less than 20% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- The organisation may experience a history of 'leadership churn' where senior leaders come and go quickly.
- Employees perceive that the 'ship' is rudderless and lacks direction.
- The organisation often tends to serve a difficult (and sometimes demanding) client base.
- Employees experience a sense of hopelessness which verges on despair.







Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

Types of Culture - Possible Action Strategies

Type of Culture

Action Strategies

A Culture of Success



Use your strengths to drive performance - make it work for you.

- Innovate look outside your current industry for new ideas.
- · Watch out for burn-out of key individuals.
- Watch out for the signs that pride is creeping in. Pride (defined as believing your own publicity) will kill the strength of this Type of Culture.
- · Watch out for 'Group Think'. Encourage and protect divergent, even unpopular, views.

A Culture of Ambition





- Team up project-finishers with project-initiators, otherwise you will end up with lots of good intentions and great ideas/plans but no concrete results from them.
- Control the number of projects and build budget accountability for them.
- Implement a Project Management System to control implementation of new projects.
- Say "No" to new projects more than you say "Yes".
- Celebrate the successes, especially when something is completed.
- Protect some risk-takers. Risk-taking can be a strong source of innovation.

A Culture of Consolidation





- Focus your attention on the reporting units and cohorts that are still in the low-end cultures.
- Use the strengths of the units that have pushed ahead into the high-end cultures what are they doing that is working?
- Give attention to how problems are being fixed are the symptoms being fixed or are people getting down to fix the root causes?

A Culture of Reaction





- Put a ban on the jargon of Corporate-Speak in favour of the practicalities of Job-Speak. Convert corporate-style communications into 'how it affects people in their work'.
- Focus communication on answering the 3 most potent questions that employees have:
 - · What exactly do you want me to do?
 - · How will I do it?
 - Why should I?
- Look at how you can upgrade your Communication Strategy into a Performance Development Strategy.

A Culture of Blame or Blame +





Blame)





- Focus on getting lots of simple, highly-visible wins that affect people in their day-to-day work.
- Give credit where credit is due.
- Ensure visibility of executive in order to build levels of trust. Don't lock yourself in your office get out and about.
- Ensure stability in leadership roles. Employees in this culture often believe that they can outlast cultural change initiatives because the leader driving them will move on before too long.
- Open up the 'Problem Pipeline'. The simple fact is that you can't keep a 'Problem Pipeline' bottled up forever.
- A simple way of dealing with a 'Problem Pipeline' is to make a list on a whiteboard of any problems you are aware of but that are not being dealt with or that you assume someone else is dealing with. You might start with 4 or 5 problems but the list will quickly build over the following days and weeks. The key idea is to fix each problem and then wipe it off the whiteboard. This is a very simple idea, hard to do but extremely effective.
- As problems get solved, this will build trust between managers and everyone else affected by these problems and it will build a sense of success and momentum that things are really starting to work. No-one likes being criticised or blamed but the ability to see and use the truth in it makes you stronger and gives you control over difficult situations.



Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer



These graphs reveal how your organisation/work unit compares against a chosen set of BPA Analytics benchmarking partner norms (as listed at the top of the graph).

Blue bars indicate the number of quantitative questions that benchmark above the industry norms. Red bars indicate the number of questions that benchmark below the industry norm. The number of questions that rate near the industry norm appear in yellow. The Sigma sign (Σ) represents the count of the number of questions above,

The quantitative questions are grouped by each of the sections used in the BPA Analytics Scorecard in this report. This Scorecard displays how each question compares against the primary and secondary set of benchmarking partners - whether it rates above, below or near the norm.





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

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Benchmarking Perspective

The BPA Scorecard

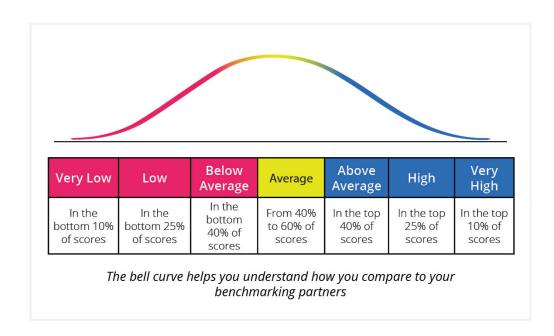
Throughout your BPA Report, you will see BPA Scorecards.

One of BPA's key sources of competitive edge as researchers is the company's expertise in benchmarking. When the company was established in 1992, its core competency was benchmarking, and this is still the case today.

Benchmarking is very diagnostic... it identifies your department's areas of strength, and opportunities for improvement. It puts your results into perspective.

External Benchmarking compares your department's quantitative ratings against the ratings from a set of external Benchmarking Partners.

In the BPA Scorecard (on the following pages), blue shading in boxes on the right-hand side are good – they are strengths relative to the normal range of ratings for each question. Red shading in boxes on the left-hand side indicate relative weakness and will suggest the need for improvements. Yellow shaded boxes indicate the rating is on the norm (average).



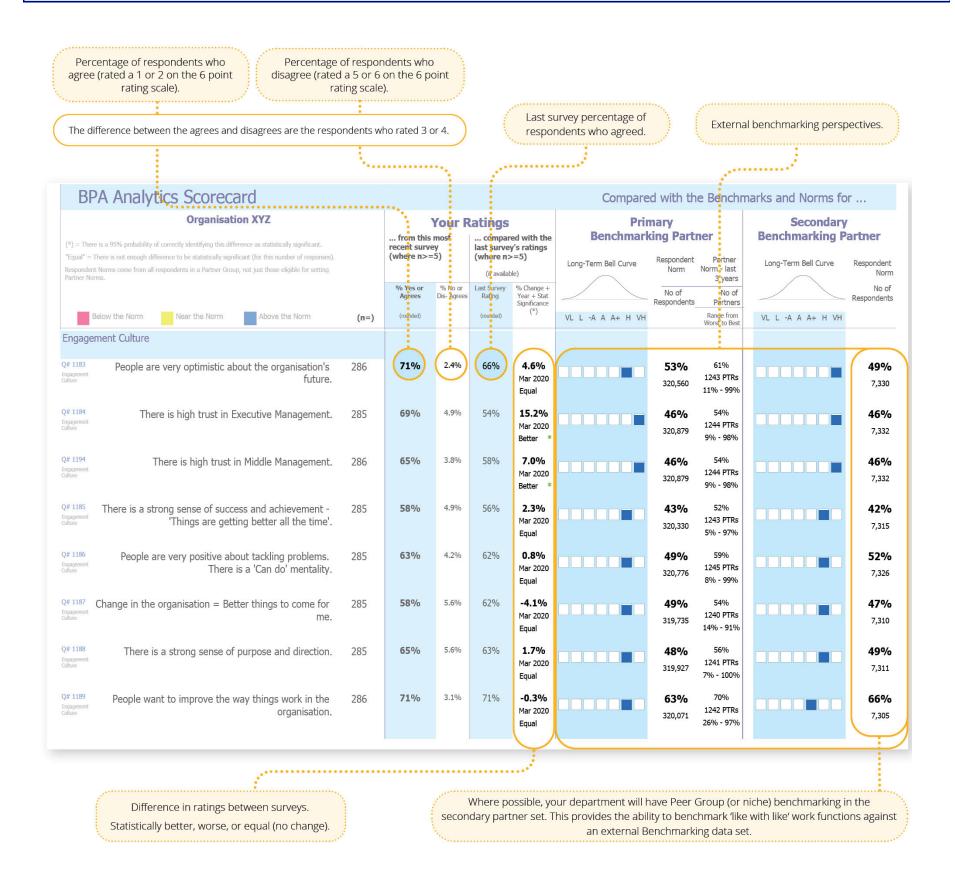
Benchmarking is very diagnostic... it identifies your department's areas of strength, and opportunities for improvement. It puts your results into perspective.



Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

How to Read Your Scorecard





Action Step - Answer these three questions

- 1. Which attributes are relatively stronger than the norm and how can you use this strength to achieve your organisational goals?
- 2. Which attributes are relatively weaker than the norm and how could this be impacting on your performance?
- **3.** Which 1 or 2 areas (amongst all the possible questions) need attention first?





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About Our Culture

BP	A Analytics Scorecard	•				Compare	d with th	e Benchn	narks and Norms fo	or	
	Canberra Health Services is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		from this recent surve	most ey	last surve	ed with the y's ratings	Public Hospitals Serv		thcare	Medical Profess	sionals
	here is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting ns.		(where n>=	5)	(where n>	•	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
l			% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance (*)		No of Respondents			No of Respondents
	Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	.,	VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
	ement Culture in Canberra Health Services - About Trust There is high trust in the Executive Management Team of Canberra Health Services.	239	14%	43.5%	7%	6.7% Jun 2021 Better *		36% 284,278	40% 460 PTRs 7% - 92%		38% 35,217
Q# 1184 Engagement Culture	There is high trust in Managers throughout Canberra Health Services.	240	26%	30.4%	19%	7.5% Jun 2021 Better *		36% 284,278	40% 460 PTRs 7% - 92%		38% 35,217
Q# 1194 Engagement Culture	There is high trust in Frontline Supervisors/Team Leaders.	240	55%	12.5%	51%	3.9% Jun 2021 Equal		36% 284,278	40% 460 PTRs 7% - 92%		38% 35,217
Q# 1190 Engagement Culture	There is a climate of 'Trust and Respect' throughout the organisation.	239	22%	29.7%	17%	5.3% Jun 2021 Equal		35% 284,396	37% 457 PTRs 9% - 97%		39% 35,165
Engag Moment	ement Culture in Canberra Health Services - About Forwar um	rd									
Q# 1183 Engagement Culture	People are very optimistic about the organisation's future.	239	20%	31.4%	12%	8.5% Jun 2021 Better *		40% 285,113	43% 460 PTRs 7% - 92%		44% 35,290
Q# 1185 Engagement Culture	There is a strong sense of success and achievement - 'Things are getting better all the time'.	240	14%	38.3%	9%	5.0% Jun 2021 Better *		31% 284,845	33% 459 PTRs 4% - 94%		32% 35,210
Q# 1186 Engagement Culture	People are very positive about tackling problems. There is a 'Can do' mentality.	240	20%	30.8%	19%	1.4% Jun 2021 Equal		39% 285,007	41% 459 PTRs 8% - 94%		40% 35,239
Q# 1187 Engagement Culture	Change in the organisation = Better things to come for me.	239	32%	24.7%	30%	2.5% Jun 2021 Equal		41% 284,431	42% 459 PTRs 14% - 91%		42% 35,174
Q# 1188 Engagement Culture	There is a strong sense of purpose and direction.	236	20%	35.6%	16%	3.6% Jun 2021 Equal		37% 284,248	40% 457 PTRs 8% - 93%		39% 35,149
Q# 1189 Engagement Culture	People want to improve the way things work in the organisation.	237	43%	21.1%	47%	- 4.0% Jun 2021 Equal		57% 284,505	59% 458 PTRs 28% - 96%		59% 35,157
Q# 1191 Engagement Culture	People are proud of the successes and achievements of the organisation.	237	35%	25.3%	25%	9.3% Jun 2021 Better *		50% 283,226	51% 459 PTRs 16% - 98%		54% 35,131



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Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

About Our Employees

Below the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm (n=) Employee Satisfaction with their Organisation Q# 6596 Organ meets Expectations Canberra Health Services consistently meets my most important expectations of it. Satisfaction with Conditions of Employment Q# 748 Employment Conditions Canberra Health Services provides Adequate Employment Rating Yea Sign (rounded) 41.5% 30% -4 No Eq Satisfaction with Conditions of Employment Canberra Health Services provides Adequate flexibility in the hours/shifts I work. Q# 38386 Canberra Health Services provides Clear reporting lines. Q# 749 Canberra Health Services provides Workloads that are fair and equitable.	Long-Term Bell Curve	ndent rm Norm - last 3 years of dents No of Partners Range from Worst to Best 15% - 71% 191 15% - 71% 15% - 86% 191 27% - 86% 196 44% 362 PTRs 27% - 86% 18% - 66% 58% 315 PTRs	Medical Profess Long-Term Bell Curve VL L -A A A+ H VH No benchmarking analysis available	Respondent Norm No of Respondents 45% 25,167 56% 27,453
(*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. "Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Respondent Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting Partner Norms. Respondent Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting Below the Norm Near the Norm No 221 259/6 16.2% 16.2% 16.2% No 24749 Canberra Health Services provides Workloads that are fair and equitable.	Atages at a constraint of the property of the	m Norm - last 3 years of dents No of Partners Range from Worst to Best No 61% 360 PTRs 15% - 71% No 691 362 PTRs 27% - 86% No 663 315 PTRs No 663	VL L -A A A+ H VH No benchmarking analysis available	Norm No of Respondents 45% 25,167 56% 27,453
Respondent Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting Partner Norms. We Yes or Agrees % No o	Change + ar + Stat prificance (*) VL L -A A A+ H VH 4.89/6 ov 2019 qual 6.89/6 ov 2019 qual No benchmarking analysis available 16.59/6 ov 2019 forse * 5.39/6 ov 2019 qual 4.29/6 ov 2019 qual 4.29/6 ov 2019 qual	m Norm - last 3 years of dents No of Partners Range from Worst to Best No 61% 360 PTRs 15% - 71% No 691 362 PTRs 27% - 86% No 663 315 PTRs No 663	VL L -A A A+ H VH No benchmarking analysis available	Norm No of Respondents 45% 25,167 56% 27,453
Below the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm (n=) Near the Norm Near the Near the Norm Near the Near the Norm Near the N	4.8% Ov 2019 qual 4.8% Ov 2019 qual A3 204, 43 204, 59 229, No benchmarking analysis available 43 228, 51 39 0v 2019 qual 4.2% Ov 2019 qual 4.2% Ov 2019 qual	of dents No of Partners Range from Worst to Best 9/0 41% 360 PTRs 15% - 71% 9/0 61% 362 PTRs 27% - 86% 9/0 44% 362 PTRs 27% - 86% 9/0 58% 315 PTRs	No benchmarking analysis available	45% 25,167 56% 27,453
Employee Satisfaction with their Organisation Q# 6596 Organisation Satisfaction with Conditions of Employment Q# 748 Employment Conditions Canberra Health Services provides Adequate Employment flexibility in the hours/shifts I work. Q# 38386 Canberra Health Services provides Clear reporting lines. Q# 749 Canberra Health Services provides Workloads that are fair and equitable.	4.8% ov 2019 qual 43 No benchmarking analysis available 43 No v2019 qual 43 4.2% ov 2019 qual 4.2% ov	Range from Worst to Best 9/6 41% 360 PTRs 15% - 71% 9/6 61% 362 PTRs 27% - 86% 9/6 44% 362 PTRs 18% - 66% 9/6 58% 315 PTRs	No benchmarking analysis available	45% 25,167 56% 27,453
Q# 748 Q# 38386 Canberra Health Services provides Clear reporting lines. Q# 749 Employment Health Services provides Clear reporting lines. Q# 749 Employment Canberra Health Services provides Workloads that are fair and equitable.	0v 2019 qual 204, 6.8% ov 2019 qual 59 229, No benchmarking analysis available 43 228, 16.5% ov 2019 qual 228, 5.3% ov 2019 qual 4.2% ov 2019 120,	9% 41% 360 PTRs 191 360 PTRs 15% - 71% 9% 61% 362 PTRs 27% - 86% 9% 362 PTRs 18% - 66% 9% 362 PTRs 363 PTRs 366%	No benchmarking analysis available	25,167 56% 27,453
Q# 748 Q# 748 Canberra Health Services consistently meets my most important expectations of it. Satisfaction with Conditions of Employment Q# 748 Employment Conditions Canberra Health Services provides Adequate flexibility in the hours/shifts I work. Q# 38386 Canberra Health Services provides Clear reporting lines. Q# 749 Canberra Health Services provides Workloads that are fair and equitable.	0v 2019 qual 204, 6.8% ov 2019 qual 59 229, No benchmarking analysis available 43 228, 16.5% ov 2019 qual 228, 5.3% ov 2019 qual 4.2% ov 2019 120,	360 PTRs 15% - 71% 0/6 61% 691 362 PTRs 27% - 86% 0/6 44% 867 362 PTRs 18% - 66% 0/6 58% 315 PTRs	No benchmarking analysis available	25,167 56% 27,453
Q# 748 Employment Conditions Canberra Health Services provides Adequate flexibility in the hours/shifts I work. 236 44% 23.3% 51% -6 No Eq Q# 38386 Canberra Health Services provides Clear reporting lines. 235 52% 16.2% Q# 749 Employment Conditions Canberra Health Services provides Workloads that are fair and equitable. 237 24% 36.7% 41% -1	229, qual No benchmarking analysis available 16.5% ov 2019 ov 2019 qual 4.2% ov 2019 qual 4.2% ov 2019 qual	9691 362 PTRs 27% - 86% 27% - 86% 960 44% 867 362 PTRs 18% - 66% 960 58% 315 PTRs	No benchmarking analysis available	27,453 45%
Q# 749 Canberra Health Services provides Workloads that Employment Conditions Canberra Health Services provides Clear reporting lines. Q# 749 Canberra Health Services provides Workloads that are fair and equitable.	229, qual No benchmarking analysis available 16.5% ov 2019 ov 2019 qual 4.2% ov 2019 qual 4.2% ov 2019 qual	9691 362 PTRs 27% - 86% 27% - 86% 960 44% 867 362 PTRs 18% - 66% 960 58% 315 PTRs	No benchmarking analysis available	27,453 45%
Q# 749 Canberra Health Services provides Workloads that 237 24% 36.7% 41% -1 No	available 43 228, 5.3% ov 2019 qual 4.2% ov 2019 120,	362 PTRs 18% - 66% 0/0 58% 663 315 PTRs	available	
Employment Conditions are fair and equitable.	ov 2019 forse * 5.3% ov 2019 qual 4.2% ov 2019 120,	362 PTRs 18% - 66% 0/0 58% 663 315 PTRs		
	ov 2019 qual 4.2% ov 2019	.663 315 PTRs		
Employment Conditions for a fair day's work.	ov 2019 120,	17 /0 - 02 /0		54% 23,552
Employment Opportunities.	qual ====,	142 PTRs		42% 13,514
Q# 735 Canberra Health Services provides Secure 236 61% 16.9% 60% 0 employment.	0.1% ov 2019 qual	127 PTRs		68% 11,487
Q# 741 Canberra Health Services provides Recognition of 236 27% 30.5% 33% -6 No	6.1% ov 2019 qual 33	148 PTRs		34% 14,058
The Decision to Leave the Organisation				
	5.6% 40	½ 5%		6%
No	ov 2019 forse *	90 PTRs 18% - 1%		7,228
No	7.3% ov 2019 52,4	90 PTRs		16% 7,228
Work where I Feel in Control				
Personal Well- Being my work choices. No	16.1% ov 2019 forse *	89 PTRs		59% 4,491
Personal Well- Being role. No	3.3% 91 91 41,4	88 DTRe		90% 4,568
Personal Well- Being chosen field.	9.8% ov 2019 orse *	89 PTRs		77% 4,556
Work where I Feel Included				
Personal Well- Being No	1.0% ov 2019 qual 76	78 PTRs		80% 4,043
Work where I Feel Supported				
Personal Well- Being from my mistakes. No	12.3% ov 2019 forse *	89 PTRs		72% 4,538
Personal Well- Being my personal and professional goals.	14.5% ov 2019 orse *	89 PTRs		64% 4,473
Personal Well- Being after myself. No	12.1% ov 2019 orse *	78 PTRs		64% 4,040





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

About Our Employees

BP	A Analytics Scorecard						Compare	d with th	e Benchn	narks and Norms fo	or
(*) = There	Canberra Health Services e is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		from this	most		ed with the y's ratings	Public Hospital Serv		thcare	Medical Profess	sionals
	here is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting ms.		(where n>=	_	(where n>	le)	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
			% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance		No of Respondents	No of Partners		No of Respondents
	elow the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	(*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
Work t Q# 21713 Personal Well- Being	that I Feel is Worthwhile The work I do is Meaningful.	238	87%	4 2%	94%	- 6.4% Nov 2019 Worse *		89% 36,723	89% 78 PTRs 77% - 97%		90% 4,132
Q# 21714 Personal Well- Being	The work I do is Purposeful.	237	88%	3 8%	94%	-6.5% Nov 2019 Worse *		89% 36,681	90% 78 PTRs 77% - 97%		91% 4,121
Q# 21715 Personal Well- Being	The work I do is Stimulating.	238	80%	5.9%	90%	-9.9% Nov 2019 Worse *		77% 36,606	77% 77 PTRs 57% - 89%		82% 4,123
Q# 21711 Personal Well- Being	The work I do is Energising.	237	65%	8.9%	69%	- 3.5% Nov 2019 Equal		68% 36,514	67% 78 PTRs 49% - 83%		70% 4,112
Q# 37332 Personal Well- Being	The work I do is Something I am proud of.	236	84%	3 0%	88%	- 4.6% Nov 2019 Equal		87% 36,541	87% 78 PTRs 75% - 93%		88% 4,121
Suppo	rting Work-Life Balance										
Q# 700 Work-Life Balance	My manager is aware of and accommodates work/life balance issues.	227	59%	14.1%	71%	-12.5% Nov 2019 Worse *		59% 36,050	70% 64 PTRs 38% - 84%		58% 3,202
Q# 37718	My manager demonstrates that they care about my wellbeing.	228	64%	15.8%	72%	-8.0% Nov 2019 Worse *	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

<u>Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer</u>

About Our Workplaces

BPA Analytics Scorecard						Compare	d with th	e Benchn	narks and Norms fo	r
Canberra Health Services		from this			ed with the	Public Hospitals Serv		hcare	Medical Profess	sionals
(*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. "Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Respondent Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting Partner Norms.		recent surve (where n>=		last survey (where n> (if availab	=5)	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
Below the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	<i>(</i> -)	% Yes or Agrees (rounded)	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating (rounded)	% Change + Year + Stat Significance (*)		No of Respondents	No of Partners Range from		No of Respondents
Team Problem-Solving	(n=)	(rounces)		(louisles)		VL L -A A A+ H VH		Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
	236	71%	9 3%	82%	-11.5% Nov 2019 Worse *		71% 35,041	72% 73 PTRs 50% - 86%		75% 4,014
Q# 1248 Team Problem- Solving In my work team I feel safe in discussing work problems with my team leader.	234	66%	14.5%	81%	-14.4% Nov 2019 Worse *		71% 34,108	70% 69 PTRs 50% - 84%		75% 3,958
Effectiveness of Responses to Harassment and Bullying										
Q# 37723 Over the past 12 months There has been a focus on identifying and addressing bullying and harassment.	223	30%	22.9%	44%	-13.8% Nov 2019 Worse *		44% 97,177	42% 189 PTRs 13% - 61%		37% 8,713
Q# 37724 Over the past 12 months There has been access to appropriate training activities to address bullying and harassment.	219	36%	18.7%	35%	1.4% Nov 2019 Equal		46% 105,802	43% 190 PTRs 14% - 75%		38% 9,493
Over the past 12 months There has been a focus on reducing bullying and harassment in the workplace.	222	36%	19.8%	41%	- 4.6% Nov 2019 Equal		42% 100,732	41% 179 PTRs 17% - 59%		35% 9,033
Q# 37726 Response to Bullying Over the past 12 months My manager has clearly demonstrated their preparedness to eliminate bullying and harassment.	223	43%	19.3%	54%	-11.3% Nov 2019 Worse *		55% 113,732	57% 207 PTRs 22% - 79%		51% 10,595
Q# 37727 Over the past 12 months My team has clearly demonstrated their preparedness to eliminate bullying and harassment.	220	45%	17.3%	53%	- 7.9% Nov 2019 Worse *		57% 108,344	57% 206 PTRs 22% - 72%		52% 10,166





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

About Our Managers

BP	A Analytics Scorecard						Compare	d with th	e Benchn	narks and Norms fo	or
	Canberra Health Services is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. here is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses).		from this recent surve (where n>=	most ey		ed with the y's ratings >=5)		s & Healt	t hcare Partner	Medical Profess	
	Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting		% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	(if availab Last Survey Rating	ole) % Change + Year + Stat	Long-Term Bell Curve	Norm No of	Norm - last 3 years No of	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm No of Respondents
В	elow the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	Significance (*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH	Respondents	Partners Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	respondents
Manag	er as Coach										
Q# 59 Mgr as Coach	My manager Clearly communicates to me what they expect from me.	226	65%	9 3%	69%	- 4.4% Nov 2019 Equal		64% 228,304	66% 378 PTRs 39% - 85%		64% 26,498
Q# 61 Mgr as Coach	My manager Gives me constructive feedback on my performance.	223	48%	17.5%	54%	- 6.8% Nov 2019 Equal		49% 226,927	52% 377 PTRs 27% - 72%		49% 26,341
Q# 62 Mgr as Coach	My manager Helps me to set realistic performance objectives.	223	44%	20.6%	54%	-10.4% Nov 2019 Worse *		49% 225,633	53% 376 PTRs 27% - 75%		48% 26,139
Q# 65 Mgr as Coach	My manager Reviews my progress in achieving my objectives.	221	42%	24.4%	51%	-9.6% Nov 2019 Worse *		43% 223,205	48% 372 PTRs 19% - 68%		42% 25,250
Q# 67 Mgr as Coach	My manager Conducts annual performance reviews with me.	222	47%	23.4%	63%	-15.8% Nov 2019 Worse *		57% 213,901	65% 366 PTRs 20% - 90%		56% 24,584
Q# 72 Mgr as Coach	My manager Is a role model I look up to and learn from.	220	52%	20.5%	63%	- 10.4% Nov 2019 Worse *		53% 215,951	57% 361 PTRs 26% - 75%		55% 24,126
Outcor	mes for Good and Poor Performance										
Q# 68 Aiming for Good Performance	My manager Provides reward and recognition for outstanding performance.	222	41%	27.0%	51%	- 10.6% Oct 2015 Worse *		42% 214,079	48% 352 PTRs 17% - 66%		43% 24,052
Q# 69 Aiming for Good Performance	My manager Provides appreciation for good performance.	223	52%	20.6%	64%	-12.2% Nov 2019 Worse *		53% 217,441	58% 366 PTRs 20% - 74%		54% 25,021
Q# 71 Aiming for Good Performance	My manager Is prepared to address poor performance in a constructive manner.	218	50%	19.3%	65%	-15.5% Nov 2019 Worse *		54% 219,425	57% 372 PTRs 26% - 73%		55% 25,680





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Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

About Our Values

BP.	A Analytics Scorecard						Compare	d with th	ne Benchn	narks and Norms fo	r
	Canberra Health Services				atings		Public Hospitals		thcare	Medical Profess	ionals
	is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		from this recent surve (where n>=	ey	compare last survey (where n>		Serv				
	nere is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting ns.		(Wilele II)	.5)	(if availab	-,	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
			% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat		No of Respondents	No of		No of Respondents
В	Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	Significance (*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH	respondents	Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
Values-	In-Action by Respondents										
Q# 38387	I proudly put into practice the value Reliable - We always do what we say.	236	94%	1.7%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 38388	I proudly put into practice the value Progressive - We embrace innovation.	233	74%	0.9%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 38389	I proudly put into practice the value Respectful - We value everyone.	233	96%	0.4%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 38390	I proudly put into practice the value Kind - We make everyone feel welcome and safe.	234	94%	0.9%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Values-	In-Action by Work Colleagues										
Q# 1369 Values by Colleagues	The people I work with put into practice the value Reliable - We always do what we say.	233	80%	2.1%	81%	- 1.3% Nov 2019 Equal		69% 122,119	69% 217 PTRs 37% - 96%		73% 16,435
Q# 1370 Values by Colleagues	The people I work with put into practice the value Progressive - We embrace innovation.	232	61%	5 6%	62%	- 1.1% Nov 2019 Equal		69% 122,119	69% 217 PTRs 37% - 96%		73% 16,435
Q# 1371 Values by Colleagues	The people I work with put into practice the value Respectful - We value everyone.	230	80%	2 6%	82%	- 1.9% Nov 2019 Equal		69% 122,119	69% 217 PTRs 37% - 96%		73% 16,435
Q# 1372 Values by Colleagues	The people I work with put into practice the value Kind - We make everyone feel welcome and safe.	231	82%	2 2%	81%	0.5% Nov 2019 Equal		69% 122,119	69% 217 PTRs 37% - 96%		73% 16,435
Values-	In-Action by Managers										
Q# 10369 Values by Mgr	My manager/supervisor puts into practice the value Reliable - We always do what we say.	233	68%	11.6%	63%	5.0% Nov 2019 Equal		70% 56,918	69% 114 PTRs 41% - 87%		73% 9,172
Q# 10370 Values by Mgr	My manager/supervisor puts into practice the value Progressive - We embrace innovation.	231	53%	14.7%	57%	- 4.1% Nov 2019 Equal		70% 56,918	69% 114 PTRs 41% - 87%		73% 9,172
Q# 10371 Values by Mgr	My manager/supervisor puts into practice the value Respectful - We value everyone.	230	69%	12.2%	74%	- 4.9% Nov 2019 Equal		70% 56,918	69% 114 PTRs 41% - 87%		73% 9,172
Q# 10372 Values by Mgr	My manager/supervisor puts into practice the value Kind - We make everyone feel welcome and safe.	231	71%	10.8%	71%	0.0% Nov 2019 Equal		70% 56,918	69% 114 PTRs 41% - 87%		73% 9,172
Values-	In-Action by Executive										
Q# 6085 Values by Exec	Canberra Health Services' Executive Management Team put into practice the value Reliable - We always do what we say	232	29%	30.2%	18%	10.5% Nov 2019 Better *		53% 58,243	52% 115 PTRs 19% - 80%		51% 8,772
Q# 6086 Values by Exec	Canberra Health Services' Executive Management Team put into practice the value Progressive - We embrace innovation	232	30%	32.3%	21%	9.6% Nov 2019 Better *		53% 58,243	52% 115 PTRs 19% - 80%		51% 8,772
Q# 6087 Values by Exec	Canberra Health Services' Executive Management Team put into practice the value Respectful - We value everyone.	231	39%	26.4%	38%	0.6% Nov 2019 Equal		53% 58,243	52% 115 PTRs 19% - 80%		51% 8,772
Q# 6088 Values by Exec	Canberra Health Services' Executive Management Team put into practice the value Kind - We make everyone feel welcome and safe.	230	41%	23.9%	37%	3.6% Nov 2019 Equal		53% 58,243	52% 115 PTRs 19% - 80%		51% 8,772
Respor	ding to Behaviour Contrary to the Values										
Q# 10493 Values Reinforced	If I observed an employee not demonstrating Our Values I would At an appropriate time or place, discuss with them the behaviour I saw and how it was inconsistent with Our Values.	233	51%	15.5%	55%	-3.7% Nov 2019 Equal		56% 67,448	56% 132 PTRs 38% - 72%		57% 10,154
Q# 10495 Values Reinforced	If I observed an employee not demonstrating Our Values I would Report this behaviour to their supervisor.	231	39%	17.7%	41%	- 1.5% Nov 2019 Equal		60% 67,055	60% 132 PTRs 45% - 81%		51% 10,099
Q# 10494 Values Reinforced	If I observed an employee not demonstrating Our Values I would Trust that if such behaviour was reported, then it would be appropriately managed.	232	23%	42.7%	26%	- 2.9% Nov 2019 Equal		50% 67,058	46% 132 PTRs 24% - 75%		48% 10,102





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

<u>Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer</u>

About How We Do Things

BF	A Analytics Scorecard		Compare	d with th	e Benchn	narks and Norms fo	or				
	Canberra Health Services is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		from this recent surve	most ey	last surve		Public Hospital Serv		thcare	Medical Profess	sionals
	There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). It Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting ms.		(where n>=	5)	(where n>	-,	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
			% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance (*)		No of Respondents			No of Respondents
	lelow the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	.,	VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
Q# 1254 Confidence about the Future	The changes that the organisation introduces are well planned, well thought-out and client focussed.	233	25%	35.6%	16%	9.3% Nov 2019 Better *		28% 79,553	32% 72 PTRs 14% - 63%		26% 9,266
Q# 1255 Fast & Focused	The organisation introduces change quickly. It is fast, focussed and flexible.	233	16%	41.2%	8%	8.0% Nov 2019 Better *		20% 79,203	27% 75 PTRs 4% - 56%		18% 9,110
Impro	vements Over the Past Year										
Q# 4459 Things are Improving	Overall, the organisation has made significant improvements during the past year.	232	22%	28.0%	22%	0.4% Nov 2019 Equal		36% 63,402	36% 114 PTRs 8% - 74%		34% 7,955
Q# 208 Things are Improving	During the past year, there has been an improvement in Communication in the organisation.	234	40%	25.6%	36%	4.2% Nov 2019 Equal		32% 92,708	43% 148 PTRs 15% - 62%		29% 10,163
Q# 209 Things are Improving	During the past year, there has been an improvement in Motivation in the organisation.	233	26%	29.6%	26%	- 0.3% Nov 2019 Equal		27% 67,723	37% 102 PTRs 5% - 61%		24% 8,280
Q# 201 Things are Improving	During the past year, there has been an improvement in The organisation's services and facilities.	229	21%	33.6%	22%	- 1.4% Nov 2019 Equal		38% 47,636	35% 90 PTRs 5% - 81%		36% 5,968
Oppor	tunities to Have a Positive Influence										
Q# 38399	In the last week, I had the opportunity to do something that was a positive influence in my team and the organisation in this time of change.	230	33%	17.0%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Manag	ement Support with Change										
Q# 18972 Resilience in Transition	My manager has the skills and capability to support me in this time of change.	231	51%	14.3%	57%	- 6.4% Nov 2019 Equal		63% 10,126	61% 18 PTRs 34% - 74%		61% 1,283
Q# 11643 Resilience in Transition	My manager is supportive in this time of change.	228	59%	13.6%	61%	- 2.2% Nov 2019 Equal		65% 11,883	65% 26 PTRs 40% - 74%		67% 1,577
Q# 11642 Resilience in Transition	The Executive Management Team is supportive in this time of change.	228	26%	31.6%	26%	0.7% Nov 2019 Equal		42% 11,963	41% 27 PTRs 15% - 57%		42% 1,609





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

About Our Clients

BP	A Analytics Scorecard						Compare	d with th	e Benchn	narks and Norms fo	or
	Canberra Health Services		from this		atings	ed with the	Public Hospital		thcare	Medical Profess	sionals
"Equal" = T	is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting ms.		recent surve (where n>=	y	last survey (where n>	y's ratings =5)	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
	selow the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	<i>(</i> -)	% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating (rounded)	% Change + Year + Stat Significance (*)		No of Respondents	No of Partners		No of Respondents
	mer Safety Measures - Preventative, Detective & Corrective	(n=)	(localoss)		(rounded)		VL L -A A A+ H VH		Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
Q# 6116	Commitment - People in my work unit are highly conscious of the potential for adverse consumer safety events.	228	80%	2 2%	86%	- 5.3% Nov 2019 Equal		87% 107,392	88% 239 PTRs 67% - 99%		89% 11,915
Q# 6117 CI ent Safety Culture	Vigilance - People in my work unit report adverse consumer safety events and complaints quickly and openly.	223	71%	4 0%	79%	-8.1% Nov 2019 Worse *		83% 106,437	84% 239 PTRs 59% - 97%		83% 11,832
Q# 6120 CLent Safety Culture	Learning - People in my work unit treat consumer safety events as learning opportunities.	225	69%	5 3%	75%	- 5.2% Nov 2019 Equal		79% 105,991	80% 238 PTRs 53% - 96%		79% 11,798
Q# 11224 Clent Safety Culture	Reliability - People in my work unit always follow evidence, guidelines, standards, procedures and pathways no matter how difficult this might be.	227	66%	5.7%	63%	2.8% Nov 2019 Equal		77% 76,391	76% 149 PTRs 58% - 93%		74% 7,927
Q# 11225 Cl ent Safety Culture	Escalation - People in my work unit exercise good judgement about when to escalate a deterioration in a consumer's condition.	226	78%	2.7%	82%	-3.9% Nov 2019 Equal		86% 74,917	86% 148 PTRs 66% - 97%		86% 7,846
Q# 11226 CI ent Safety Culture	Perseverance - People in my work unit will persevere in escalating concerns when they believe it's clinically appropriate.	222	73%	5.4%	80%	-6.9% Nov 2019 Worse *		85% 72,531	84% 141 PTRs 64% - 97%		85% 7,718
Comm	itment to Consumer Safety										
Q# 38401	I am committed to doing everything I can to ensure consumer safety.	229	97%	0 0%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37738 Consumer Safety Commitment	My Manager is committed to doing everything they can to ensure consumer safety.	228	81%	5.7%	79%	2.3% Nov 2019 Equal	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37737 Consumer Safety Commitment	The Executive responsible for my workplace is committed to doing everything they can to ensure consumer safety.	228	56%	16.7%	57%	- 1.0% Nov 2019 Equal	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37736 Consumer Safety Commitment	The Executive Management Team are committed to doing everything they can to ensure consumer safety.	228	54%	18.4%	49%	5.2% Nov 2019 Equal	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

About Our Survey Actions

BP	A Analytics Scorecard						Compare	ed with the	e Benchn	narks and Norms fo	or
	Canberra Health Services is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		from this recent surve	most ey	last surve		Public Hospital Serv	s & Healt vices	hcare	Medical Profess	sionals
	here is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting ms.		(where n>=	5)	(where n>	•	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
			% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance		No of Respondents	No of Partners		No of Respondents
E	elow the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	(*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
Feedb Q# 37774	ack on the Last Survey I completed the 2019 CHS Workplace Culture Survey.	191	69%	11.0%	45%	23.5% Nov 2019	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37775	I received feedback on the findings of the last employee survey From CHS (e.g. CEO presentation).	190	36%	21.6%	24%	12.6% Nov 2019 Better *	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37776	I received feedback on the findings of the last employee survey from my Executive/Manager.	189	40%	25.4%	31%	9.6% Nov 2019 Better *	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37777	Action was taken as a result of the last survey.	191	17%	27.2%	13%	3.3% Nov 2019 Equal		24% 9,299	27% 23 PTRs 5% - 53%		21% 1,315
Q# 37778	There was a positive impact resulting from the last survey.	193	9%	39.4%	9%	0.1% Nov 2019 Equal		17% 9,277	20% 23 PTRs 1% - 40%		16% 1,316



Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

About Our Workplaces

BPA Analytic	s Snaps	shot	Yo	our Ratings	(*)		
Canberra Health Services		Curren	t Survey		Last S		
A sub-set of respondents defined as Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer		% Yes or	% Middle	% No or	Last Survey	nilable) % Change sin	nce
(*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. "Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses).	(-)	Agrees	Rated	Dis- Agrees	Rating	Last Survey Year + Significance (
Prevalence of Being Subjected to Bullying, Harassment, Favouritism or Discrimination in the Works	olace						
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Bullying in the workplace.	233	23%		77.3%	24%	-1.3% Ec	qual
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Harassment in the workplace.	233	20%		79.8%	23%	-2.6% Ec 2019	qual
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Discrimination in the workplace.	233	18%		82.0%	18%	0.0% Ec 2019	qual
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Favouritism in the workplace.	234	23%		77.4%	18%	4.7% Ec 2019	qual
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Bullying or Harassment in the workplace.	228	28%		72.4%	43%	-15 2% Be 2019	etter*
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Bullying or Harassment or Discrimination or Favouritism in the workplace.	229	38%		62.4%	49%	-11 0% Be 2019	etter*
Reporting Harassment and Bullying - Experienced							
When I experienced harassment or bullying I \dots Reported this behaviour.	112	44%	30.4%	25.9%			
When I experienced harassment or bullying I \dots Knew how to go about reporting such behaviour.	117	49%	32.5%	18.8%			
When I experienced harassment or bullying I \dots Trusted that, if such behaviour was reported, then it would be appropriately managed.	118	14%	36.4%	49.2%			
Reporting Harassment and Bullying - Observed							
When I observed harassment or bullying I \dots Reported this behaviour.	133	56%	24.1%	20.3%			
When I observed harassment or bullying I \dots Knew how to go about reporting such behaviour.	139	63%	25.9%	10.8%			
When I observed harassment or bullying I \dots Trusted that, if such behaviour was reported, then it would be appropriately managed.	140	20%	35.0%	45.0%			
Personally Subjected to Occupational Violence							
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Occupational Violence.	234	52%		48.3%	47%	4.4% Ec 2019	qual
Attitudes Towards Occupational Violence							
Occupational Violence is generally accepted as being 'part of the job' in my workplace.	189	15%	25.4%	59.3%	21%	-5.4% Ec 2019	qual
Canberra Health Services - Safety@Work							
Managers always take work, health and safety seriously.	237	65%	25.3%	9.7%	69%	-3.6% E c	qual
Managers always take action to address identified work, health and safety issues.	236	57%	32.6%	10.2%	62%	-4.8% Ec 2019	qual
Employees are always consulted on decisions that impact on their work, health and safety.	237	29%	43.5%	27.4%	42%	-12 6% W 6	/orse*
When I act safely I always receive positive support and recognition in my team.	236	34%	46.2%	19.9%	29%	4.4% Ec 2019	qual
In this organisation, staff safety is considered as important as patient safety.	237	46%	34.6%	19.4%	45%	1.2% Ec 2019	qual
Overall, the organisation has a strong, effective staff safety culture.	236	42%	40.3%	18.2%			

2021 Workplace Culture Survey

Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

Background to the Net Promoter Score^{s™}

The Net Promoter Score^{5M} (NPS® Bain & Company, Inc., Satmetrix Systems, Inc., and Fred Reichheld) provides a gauge of respondent loyalty and engagement. Respondents are categorised into three types based on their response to the key question: "On a scale of 0 to 10, how likely are you to recommend this organisation?"



Promoters (score of 9 or 10):

People who feel their lives are enriched by their relationships with the organisation. Promoters typically go the extra mile for the organisation, they are loyal, and promote the organisation.

Passives (score of 7 or 8):

People who are fairly satisfied, but not loyal. They rarely talk up the organisation, and when they do, it's likely to be qualified and unenthusiastic. If a better offer comes along, they are likely to defect.

Detractors (score of 0 to 6):

People who feel their lives have been diminished by their associations with the organisation. They are dissatisfied and even dismayed by how they are treated. They frequently speak negatively about the organisation and are likely to defect as soon as they find something better.



References

Bain and Co (2013). Who's responsible for employee engagement? Line supervisors, not HR, must lead the charge. Bain and Company, New York.

Net Promoter®, NPS®, NPS Prism®, and the NPS-related emoticons are registered trademarks of Bain & Company, Inc., Satmetrix Systems, Inc., and Fred Reichheld.

Net Promoter Score²⁴ and Net Promoter System²⁴ are service marks of Bain & Company, Inc., Satmetrix Systems, Inc., and Fred Reichheld.

Canberra Health Services			our Net Prom			Public Hospitals Serv		thcare	Medical Profess	sionals
*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		recent surve (where n>=	y	last survey		Serv				
Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). espondent Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting artner Norms.		(where it)=	3)	(where n>	•	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respond ent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Responden Non
	(n=)	NPS	% Promoters Passives	Last Survey	% Change + Year + Stat Significance		No of Respond	No of Partners		No of Res pondent
Below the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm			Detractors	NPS	(*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH	ents	Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
dvocating for the Organisation - The Net Promoter Score										
would recommend my organisation (where appropriate) as a good place to work.	230	-48.7	9% 33% 58%	-52.6	3.9 Jun 2021 Equal		+9.1 94,627	+1.9 164 PTRs -62.6 to +95.6		+2.2 11,118
would recommend my organisation (where appropriate) as the best choice for the type of service provided.	238	-31.9	13% 41% 45%	-36.6	4.7 Jun 2021 Equal		+23.3 90,173	+14.9 151 PTRs -54.3 to +93.4		+ 18. 11,033





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

Now that I understand my report, what do I do next?

The KEEP, STOP, START Action Planning Template

This Action Planning Template is a quick and easy way to reflect on the results of your department's most recent BPA Analytics Survey.

The KEEP, STOP, START approach to Action Planning has been around for years, but you know what ... it actually works! Following the KEEP, STOP, START method will help you identify areas for quick action, and hopefully you will get positive movement and traction in a few areas in the culture of your department.

The ground rules of Action Planning are...

- Don't make an Action Plan of 10 things to do ... you will never do 10!
- Pick 3 things to action, at most in each of the Keep, Stop, Start.
- If you pick the right 3, and you work really hard on these 3, then you will experience what we call the 'ripple effect'.

The BPA questions are interconnected, if you work on one area (e.g. Engagement) it tends to have a positive ripple effect on other areas. Take the Values section as an example. If you work on Values and have a strategy around Values and behaviours, you will find it ripples positively through the culture, and by happy accident, the Engagement scores may increase, the incidence of Bullying or Harassing behaviours may decrease. Rely on the ripple effect ... do a few things really well, rather than targeting 10 things and doing them not so well.

Example Only

This de-identified department's result from its BPA Survey revealed:

 In general, the employees were pretty down on the Executive, their managers, and each other!

The department experienced...

- A drop in the level of Employee Engagement between BPA surveys by 16%.
- An increase in the level of Employee Disengagement between surveys by 7%;
- A decrease in the Truly Great Place to Work result by 33%.

Going forward, working on the results of this survey for our team, these are some things we are going to Keep, Stop, and Start doing!



This is good... but we can be better.

- Keep up the sense of being proud of what we do, in having pride in the services we deliver to our clients.
- Keep up our focus on Safety and the Wellbeing indicators of each individual feeling competent at what they do and making a difference in their field. Promote our successes and achievements!



A couple of areas of weakness that we are going to stop.

- Tolerating any unreasonable behaviours in our workplace.
- Letting any potential problems linger on our team's approach to problem solving will be to address problems as they pop up and press hard to find innovative solutions to these problems – get to the root cause of the problem.



Things we're going to start doing.

- Using our Values at the team level we need to live by them in our team, and have the courage to speak up (in a respectful way) if we observe a behaviour that is not 'living the values'. Let's start with the fundamental Value of Respect.
- Our managers are going to reflect and change-up their leadership behaviours by picking 2-3 attributes that didn't rate as strong in this survey. Some examples include listening, holding people accountable, addressing any poor performance and creating the sense of team cohesion and purpose.
- We are a small team. Our solidarity metric (the Truly Great Place to Work) took a hit this survey. We need to work on building this sense of camaraderie back up in the team. It is all about how we interact with each other, how our leaders engage with the team, how we are accountable and responsible for our own area of work.

2021 Workplace Culture Survey



Canberra Health Services

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Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

How do I feedback the results to my staff?

The BPA Report is a management tool. You want an engaged workforce, where people feel motivated to come to work, to do their best, to drive the strategy of your organisation (and your department).

The value out of the survey process becomes real when employees receive feedback, they feel they were listened to and that something will be done with the results.

Receiving a report about your own management style, how you lead your team, the level of trust, any unreasonable behaviours at play, can sometimes be very confronting.

Sometimes managers have what I call a SARAH moment when they receive the BPA report. SARAH is my take on Elisabeth Kübler-Ross' stages of grieving ... a humorous take. Outlined below are some commandments when rolling out BPA results to your team.

They are grouped by thou shalt and thou shalt not.

Thou shalt -

Be open and lead with the positives at the beginning of the discussion.

Do run the meeting by being open to the things you may not necessarily agree with.

Do finish the meeting by focusing on making decisions about the actions going forward, what you are going to do as the manager and your expectations of each member of the team as well.

S stands for Shock:



"I can't believe anyone would say such a thing!"

A stands for Anger:



"I feel outraged by this feedback!"

R stands for Revenge:



"I'll knee-cap them, slash their car tyres, and..."

A stands for Acceptance:



"Well, employees were asked to 'have their say', this feedback is all part of being a leader."

H stands for Help:



"I need coaching on the best way to use this information."

Thou shalt not -

Don't try and figure out who said what

Don't mock people's opinions as most (perhaps not all) try sincerely to provide genuine feedback.

Don't blame people above you. Focus on what you can control.

Don't bury people in too much information. Give them the highlights and the BPA At A Glance is a good place to start.

Don't go into your meeting unprepared, thinking "I can wing this" – you will come a

gut-sa!

Don't shut people down (unless they are trying to monopolise the meeting). If so do this respectfully.

Don't make promises you are not prepared to keep or not able to action.

Don't blame the team for a not-so great result. Every culture has strengths.

Don't hand out narrative text – staff don't necessarily want their comments to be front page news. This is a high risk strategy and will just fuel gossip.





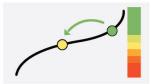
Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

Q and A

This section might just answer some of the questions you have about the BPA report.

Q. The last time the BPA survey was conducted in our organisation, my department was in a Culture of Success, now it's in Consolidation. What happened, what can I do about that?

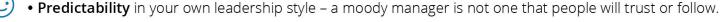


A. One thing to understand is that Organisational Culture is like a bank account... sometimes you might have to spend a bit of the bank account when you are introducing unpopular change. The key lies in knowing when to re-build. The only thing constant in an organisation is change – it happens, it is a fact of life. Building a level of resilience in the culture is the first step. Getting your employees focused on the fact that change is going to happen, it is going to bite us on the nose at any time and that we have to be prepared for it. Go through the 10 Engagement questions carefully to see where you 'lost ground' between surveys. Was it in trust, was it in employee's motivation, was it in change? Then focus on one area to rebuild the level of engagement. Campaign building trust ... build trust and it builds engagement.

Q. How do I build trust?

A. Trust is the glue that binds a team (and an organisation) together. You can't change a culture without it. The things that build trust:





• Fairness – don't play favourites! Be transparent in your recruitment and selection processes (and give feedback to those who are not successful), be transparent in workload allocation, in annual leave allocation, in rewarding and recognising individuals. Lack of fairness and favouritism are cousins!

Q. My benchmarking summary graph (the overall counts in blue, red and yellow) has lots of blue for About Our Managers ... but lots of red for About Our Culture. What does this mean?

A. This might be a little unpalatable to hear ... but you have to be careful you aren't adopting the potential for manager disconnect in your management and leadership style. An attribute of the best managers I have seen, is that they can win the hearts and minds of their people to go with them and their leadership ... and to go with the organisation. They don't bunker their team down. The signs and symptoms of a responsible manager versus a manager that might be potentially disconnected are illustrated in the next column. Have a read ... it might be confronting ... but ask yourself 'do I do any of the disconnected behaviours' and if you are honest in your self-evaluation you will welcome the opportunity to develop yourself and change a set of behaviours that you might not necessarily be even aware of. But whatever you do, try not to adopt a bunker mentality to protect yourself and your employees.

The potential for Manager Disconnect is a label developed by BPA that applies to a phenomenon where managers have disconnected their managerial responsibilities and surrendered them to the organisation. Examples of this behaviour include:

A manager who is potentially disconnecting ...

Denigrates the organisation and its executive in front of their staff.

Tries to be everyone's friend, even when it means ignoring performance problems.

Doesn't want to take on the normal responsibilities of a manager, but wants the title and the pay.

A responsible manager ...

Supports the organisation's decisions in front of their staff ever if they privately disagree with them.

Is friendly but firm in requiring appropriate performance levels.

Accepts their responsibilities as a manager, even if it means some discomfort in the workplace.

Q. My benchmarking summary graph (the overall counts in blue, red, and yellow) has **lots of blue for About Our Culture** but **not for About Our Managers**. What does this mean?

A. The questions on the BPA survey are asked at 3 levels ... your employees' working life in the organisation (the entity that employs them), their working life in their team, their working life with you the manager, the person who guides and directs their performance.

If your employees' evaluation of your leadership style doesn't come up rosy, then this represents an opportunity for you personally. The best managers I have come across know themselves very well – they know their personal attributes – what they are like at their peak, what they are like when they are stressed. They seek information about their style that will make them a better manager, and we can always be better. It is a huge responsibility being a manager, and receiving feedback on our management and leadership style comes with the title. Look for areas of strength in your style based on the evaluation of how others see you. Use the Leadership profile as an opportunity to gain insight into how others see you. Drop any defensiveness – I know sometimes the evaluation can be hard hitting, but take it on board and grow.





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

What Works when Changing Culture - The Power of Values

What does BPA think are the most successful forms of cultural change?

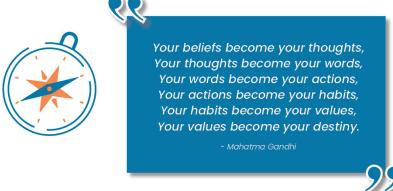
Over the past 29 years of measuring Organisational Culture, the two most powerful forms of cultural change we have observed that work are:

- 1. **The power of Values** and the behaviours that underpin them.
- 2. **The power of managers** truly taking on the role of being a Performance Coach holding people accountable, not only for their performance, but their behaviours too.

If you do nothing but focus on these 2 things, hopefully you will get some traction in a positive way.

The Power of Values

There is power in a strong set of Organisational Values as Values are the anchor that you as a manager can use during times of major or turbulent change. They are an organisation's moral compass.



Values do 2 things

for an organisation and a team:

- 1. They will guide the organisation's decisions and priorities strategic and day-to-day; and
- 2. They will establish the boundaries for acceptable and unacceptable behaviour.

Everything changes ... Buildings change, People change, Client's and Member's expectations change, Governments change, Funding Levels change, Workload and activity change, Climates change, Economies change, Managers and Leaders change.

The one constant that can stay the same in the midst of major change is an organisation's Values ... and how these are put into practice.

Finally when it comes to Values, in the best organisations BPA has measured, we have identified these organisations do 3 things very well with their Values, they ...



As a manager of a team, think about these practices.



Do you speak to your Organisation's Values when you are recruiting new people into your team? Do you ask the potential new recruit to draw on their past experiences to find out if they will be a good fit for your department?



Do you acknowledge great performance (rewarding doesn't have to be materialistic).



Are there consequences for people who don't live by the Values, for any behaviours that are contrary to the defined set of behaviours that underpin your organisation's Values?

The 3 Types of Values BPA has Observed

BPA Analytics' (BPA) research into Organisation Values has found 3 broad categories of values.

- 1. Aspirational Values;
- 2. Inspirational Values; and
- 3. Foundational Values



Aspirational Values

These are values that an organisation may aspire to. Examples could include Excellence, Service, Continuous Improvement, Communication or Teamwork. In our observation, most Company Values are of the Aspirational kind.



Inspirational Values

These are values that have an underlying cause that inspires its workforce and sometimes even clients. They typically have a 'call to action'. They might include "to fight cancer" or "to end animal testing on cosmetic products". They are visionary and motivational in a way that "excellence" or "teamwork" is not.

Foundational Values



These are values that are practical and pragmatic. They are values that the organisation must have on a day-to-day basis in order to ensure it functions smoothly. Failure to live these values will typically see both the organisation and its members suffer.





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 240 respondents.

Workforce Grouping = Medical Officer

What Works when Changing Culture - The Power of Managers

The Power of a Manager being a Performance Coach

The best managers I have come across, as mentioned earlier, know themselves very well, and they take on the role of being a performance coach, they wear a manager's hat.

They embrace the principles of a great coach by ...



Clearly (and regularly) communicating the expectations they have of each member of their team;



Guiding them on their performance;



Constructively giving feedback on their performance;



Helping their employees to plan how to improve their performance;



Providing appreciation for good performance;



Providing support and guidance on how to overcome any performance shortfalls;



Addressing poor performance constructively;



Being a role model their employees look up to and learn from;



Wrapping up all of these practices with some form of annual review. Some do quarterly or 6 monthly reviews. If the manager is doing all of the above, the Performance Review process should not produce any surprises.

The Recipe for Successful Cultural Change Has Four Essential Ingredients



A **shared vision** on what you are trying to achieve.



The **resources** (especially time) to implement the changes.



The **will to do it** - a commitment from you as the manager.



A **plan** with dates, accountabilities, and (especially) the first step.

All four of these components are essential - not just 2 or 3.



The BPA Top Drawer Report



2021 Workplace Culture Survey

Canberra Health Services

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

A BPA Analytics Survey

Why is it called the Top Drawer Report?

Because it is an overview of the data from the BPA Analytics Survey - something you can keep in your top drawer for quick reference.





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

Welcome

This BPA Report is intended to help you, the manager, interpret and use the results from the BPA survey most productively.

Your people took the time to complete the BPA survey. They want to know they were listened to, and that something will be done with the results.

We all spend a lot of time at work, in our labour. Your role as a manager is to use this information to reflect on your own management and leadership style (after all, Organisational Culture is leadership driven) and to get the best from your team.

We have provided you with a report that contains the very real perceptions your employees have of their working life.

Regardless of whether these perceptions are a correct (or incorrect) interpretation of reality, the simple and unavoidable fact is:

- · Your employees have these perceptions;
- Your employees use these perceptions to frame their actions and behaviours;
- Your employees' actions and behaviours will either drive, or limit, your department's performance;

We hope you are able to use your BPA Report to identify 2 or 3 things to action and make sure you do limit your Action Plan to a maximum of 3 things. We know from experience that this will maximise your chances of achieving a result.

Good luck!

Jacqui ParleDirector Consulting Services
BPA Analytics







Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

Your Response Rate/s

How reliably you can use the data contained in your BPA Report all starts with the response rate. Typically, the first wave of employees responding to the survey (between 10-12%) provide responses that are on the whole about 3-4% more positive than the entire cohort responding to the survey. To allow for this to level out, our research has found that the response rate needs to reach about 40%.

In reporting units where the response rate falls below this threshold, data is indicative, not definitive and should be used with caution - and not to base any major decisions.

The higher your response rate, the more confidently you can use the data to form the basis for change initiatives.





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

Measuring Your Engagement

Measuring Engagement

BPA's years of experience and knowledge of what works, and what doesn't work has been instrumental in formulating BPA's signature model of Engagement Culture –The 6 Types of Culture Model.

This model has been used extensively by our client organisations. It is very popular with both executive and front-line managers, because it is simple to follow and has a very strong intuitive match with day-to-day lived work experiences.

Reactive end of organisational culture Reactive end of organisational culture Reactive end of organisational culture Success 60% AMBITION 50% REACTION 30% BLAME 20% BLAME+ 10%

BPA's method for evaluating a group's Engagement Culture involves 2 steps:

- **Step 1:** Measuring the percentage of respondents who report themselves as experiencing their working life in an Engagement Cycle.
- Step 2: Plotting this Engagement Cycle against BPA Type of Culture chart in order to identify your own Type of Culture. This is an empirical test because this chart is derived from the actual results of other organisations contained in BPA's extensive Research Database.

Based on over 750,000 respondents, BPA observes that organisations can be broken down into 3 groups of people:

Engagement Cycle

Those who experience their working life in an Engagement Cycle (either personally or in their work unit).

They are:

- Openly positive, optimistic and engaged about the organisation's future.
- · Ready for change and ready to trust management.
- · Average of 45% of organisational employees.

Swinging Voters

Those who sit on the fence – the Swinging Voters. They are:

- · Neither openly positive nor openly negative.
- Inclined to just want to come to work to do their job and not engage with organisational purposes.
- · Average of 40% of organisational employees.

DisEngagement Cycle

Those who experience their working life in a DisEngagement Cycle (either personally or in their work unit).

They are:

- Openly negative, pessimistic and disengaged from the organisation's future.
- Reluctant to change and distrustful of management.
- Average of 15% of organisational employees.

Staff feel personally involved Change = Better things Staff want to improve to come High trust "Can do" Mentality in management Strong sense of Success/Momentum 'This is really working" Self-Protection "Only do what I have to do" Alienation from work Change = Danger "Just a job" "Things are too hard" Low trust mentality in management Blame **Poor Communication**

Poor Leadership



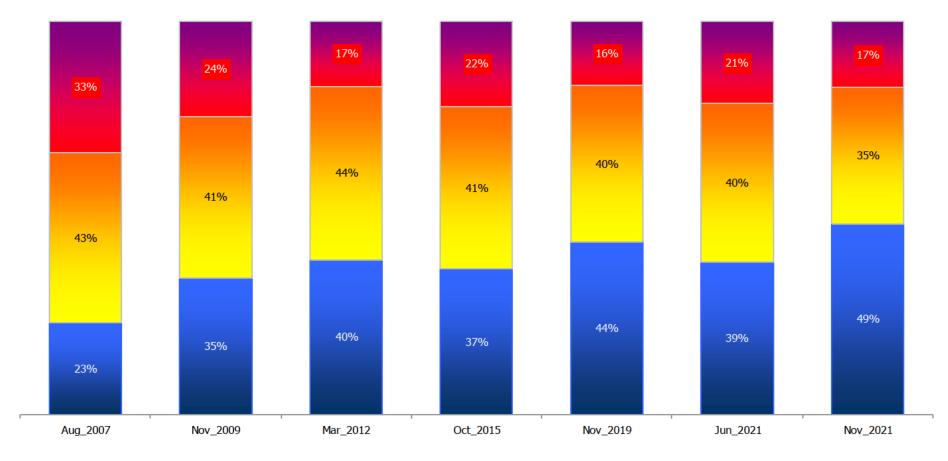


Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

<u>Position = Nursing/Midwifery</u>

Your Organisation's Cycles

The chart below shows the %age of your respondents who are in each Cycle - Engaged, Swinging Voter and DisEngaged. If this has been measured in any previous survey, then this chart will also show how this is trending over time. The additional charts over the page give some comparisons from BPA Analytics' workforce database.



■ Engagement Cycle **■** Swinging Voters **■** DisEngagement Cycle

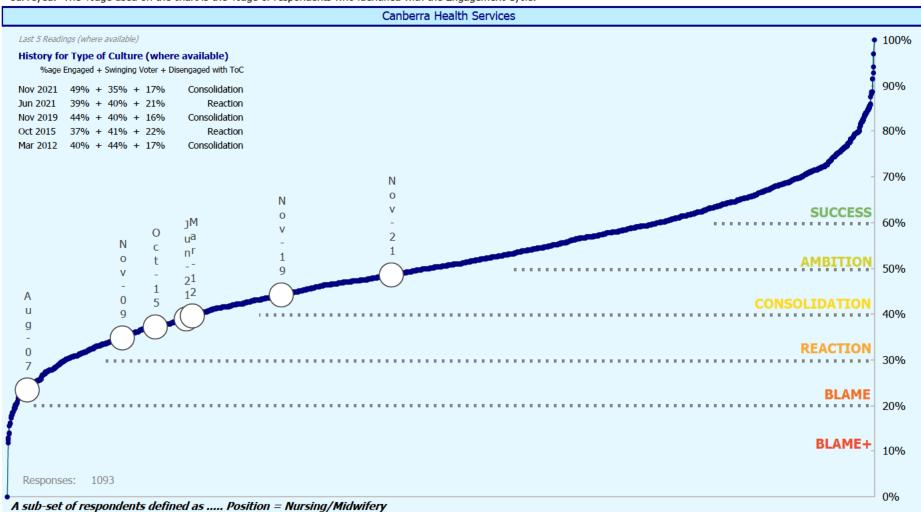


Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

Your Type of Engagement Culture

Your Type of Engagement Culture is identified as the bubble on the chart below. The 'squiggly' line is a full series of dots - each dot is a separate organisation that BPA Analytics has surveyed. The %age used on the chart is the %age of respondents who identified with the Engagement Cycle.



2021 Workplace Culture Survey



Canberra Health Services

Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

Types of Culture - Descriptors

A Culture of Success





- More than 60% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- Large numbers of employees are optimistic about the organisation's future. There is a strong sense of success and achievement. 'Things are getting better all the time'.
- Employees are very positive and proactive about tackling problems. There is a 'Can Do' mentality.
- This Type of Culture is very close-knit, very cohesive, and very focused. Anyone who doesn't 'fit in' tends to be squeezed out by peer pressure. There is a risk of 'Group Think' which enforces conformity to the norm and stifles self-reflection and self-critique.

A Culture of Ambition





- 50% to 60% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- Organisations at this stage are not satisfied with their current level of performance or their current way of doing business. They are ambitious for new and better ways of moving ahead.
- An 'Anything is Possible' mentality is quite common. This type of organisation tends to be very innovative many see themselves as 'Project City'.
- There is a risk that the organisation commits to too many projects or fails to complete projects before moving on.
- Needs a strong fiscal discipline and the ability to say 'NO' to too many projects.

A Culture of Consolidation





- 40% to 50% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- This is often a culture in transition. It tends to be fragmented (some work units are in low-end cultures and some in high-end cultures).
- There is pressure to consolidate the gains already made.
- Employees refer to the need for 'a breather'.
- Not a lot of remedial action is required in this culture.

A Culture of Reaction





- 30% to 40% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- There is a lot of organisational repair work often on the run.
- A lot of management time is wasted on continually putting out fires throughout the organisation.
- Management is putting significant resources into improving communication with employees.

A Culture of Blame





- 20% to 30% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- Large numbers of employees are openly pessimistic about the organisation's future.
- It is common to hear 'Communication is poor', 'There is no leadership', or 'Morale is bad'.
- There is a 'Them and Us' mentality. There is an automatic assumption that management will always have a hidden agenda.
- No matter how bad it is, employees assume it just cannot be changed.
- It is common for a 'Problem Pipeline' to exist.

A Culture of Blame+





- Less than 20% of employees are Engaged with the organisation.
- The organisation may experience a history of 'leadership churn' where senior leaders come and go quickly.
- Employees perceive that the 'ship' is rudderless and lacks direction.
- The organisation often tends to serve a difficult (and sometimes demanding) client base.
- Employees experience a sense of hopelessness which verges on despair.





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

Types of Culture - Possible Action Strategies

Type of Culture

Action Strategies

A Culture of Success



- Use your strengths to drive performance make it work for you.
- Innovate look outside your current industry for new ideas.
- · Watch out for burn-out of key individuals.
- Watch out for the signs that pride is creeping in. Pride (defined as believing your own publicity) will kill the strength of this Type of Culture.
- · Watch out for 'Group Think'. Encourage and protect divergent, even unpopular, views.

A Culture of Ambition





- Team up project-finishers with project-initiators, otherwise you will end up with lots of good intentions and great ideas/plans but no concrete results from them.
- Control the number of projects and build budget accountability for them.
- Implement a Project Management System to control implementation of new projects.
- Say "No" to new projects more than you say "Yes".
- Celebrate the successes, especially when something is completed.
- Protect some risk-takers. Risk-taking can be a strong source of innovation.

A Culture of Consolidation





- Focus your attention on the reporting units and cohorts that are still in the low-end cultures.
- Use the strengths of the units that have pushed ahead into the high-end cultures what are they doing that is working?
- Give attention to how problems are being fixed are the symptoms being fixed or are people getting down to fix the root causes?

A Culture of Reaction





- Put a ban on the jargon of Corporate-Speak in favour of the practicalities of Job-Speak. Convert corporate-style communications into 'how it affects people in their work'.
- Focus communication on answering the 3 most potent questions that employees have:
 - · What exactly do you want me to do?
 - · How will I do it?
 - Why should I?
- Look at how you can upgrade your Communication Strategy into a Performance Development Strategy.

A Culture of Blame or Blame +







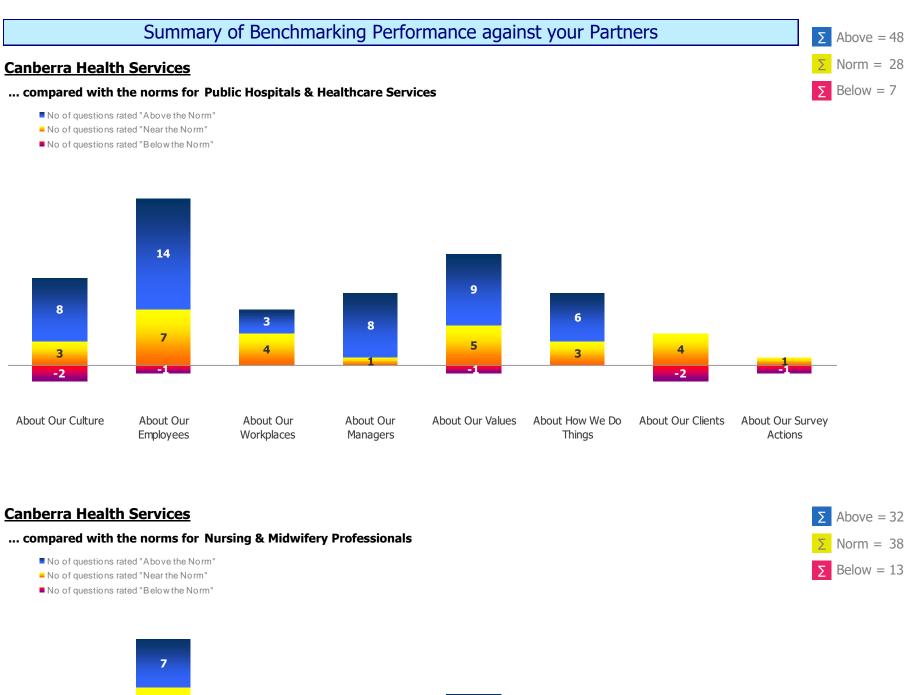
- Focus on getting lots of simple, highly-visible wins that affect people in their day-to-day work.
- Give credit where credit is due.
- Ensure visibility of executive in order to build levels of trust. Don't lock yourself in your office get out and about.
- Ensure stability in leadership roles. Employees in this culture often believe that they can outlast cultural change initiatives because the leader driving them will move on before too long.
- Open up the 'Problem Pipeline'. The simple fact is that you can't keep a 'Problem Pipeline' bottled up forever.
- A simple way of dealing with a 'Problem Pipeline' is to make a list on a whiteboard of any
 problems you are aware of but that are not being dealt with or that you assume someone
 else is dealing with. You might start with 4 or 5 problems but the list will quickly build over
 the following days and weeks. The key idea is to fix each problem and then wipe it off the
 whiteboard. This is a very simple idea, hard to do but extremely effective.
- As problems get solved, this will build trust between managers and everyone else affected
 by these problems and it will build a sense of success and momentum that things are really
 starting to work. No-one likes being criticised or blamed but the ability to see and use the
 truth in it makes you stronger and gives you control over difficult situations.

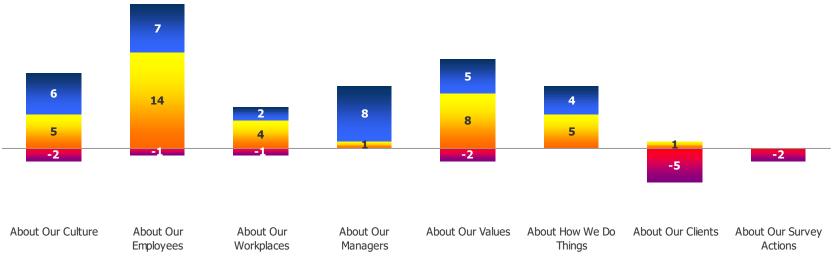




Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery





These graphs reveal how your organisation/work unit compares against a chosen set of BPA Analytics benchmarking partner norms (as listed at the top of the graph).

Blue bars indicate the number of quantitative questions that benchmark above the industry norms. Red bars indicate the number of questions that benchmark below the industry norm. The number of questions that rate near the industry norm appear in yellow. The Sigma sign (Σ) represents the count of the number of questions above, below and on the norm.

The quantitative questions are grouped by each of the sections used in the BPA Analytics Scorecard in this report. This Scorecard displays how each question compares against the primary and secondary set of benchmarking partners - whether it rates above, below or near the norm.



Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

Benchmarking Perspective

The BPA Scorecard

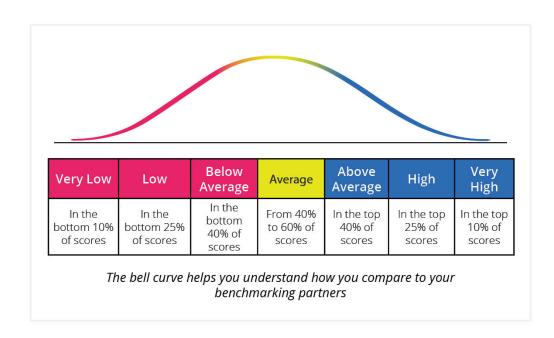
Throughout your BPA Report, you will see BPA Scorecards.

One of BPA's key sources of competitive edge as researchers is the company's expertise in benchmarking. When the company was established in 1992, its core competency was benchmarking, and this is still the case today.

Benchmarking is very diagnostic... it identifies your department's areas of strength, and opportunities for improvement. It puts your results into perspective.

External Benchmarking compares your department's quantitative ratings against the ratings from a set of external Benchmarking Partners.

In the BPA Scorecard (on the following pages), blue shading in boxes on the right-hand side are good – they are strengths relative to the normal range of ratings for each question. Red shading in boxes on the left-hand side indicate relative weakness and will suggest the need for improvements. Yellow shaded boxes indicate the rating is on the norm (average).



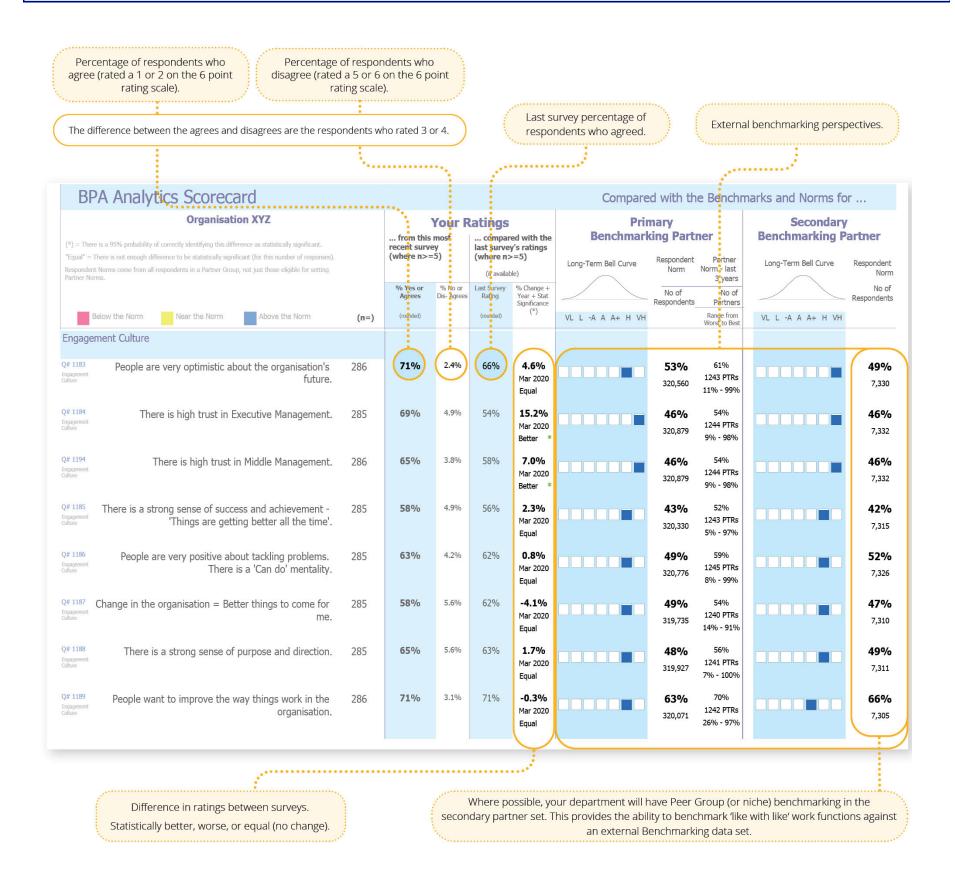
Benchmarking is very diagnostic... it identifies your department's areas of strength, and opportunities for improvement. It puts your results into perspective.



Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

How to Read Your Scorecard





Action Step - Answer these three questions

- 1. Which attributes are relatively stronger than the norm and how can you use this strength to achieve your organisational goals?
- 2. Which attributes are relatively weaker than the norm and how could this be impacting on your performance?
- **3.** Which 1 or 2 areas (amongst all the possible questions) need attention first?





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

About Our Culture

BPA Analytics Scorecard Compared with the Benchmarks and Norms for										or	
	Canberra Health Services is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant, here is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses).		from this recent surve (where n>=	most ey		ed with the y's ratings	Public Hospitals Serv	ices		Nursing & Midv Professiona	
	Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting		(Wilere II)	-3,	(if availab	-	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
			% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance		No of Respondents	No of Partners		No of Respondents
	elow the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	(*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
	ement Culture in Canberra Health Services - About Trust There is high trust in the Executive Management Team of Canberra Health Services.	1,079	35%	25.9%	24%	11.4% Jun 2021 Better *		36% 284,278	40% 460 PTRs 7% - 92%		38% 226,324
Q# 1184 Engagement Culture	There is high trust in Managers throughout Canberra Health Services.	1,082	47%	18.1%	35%	12.0% Jun 2021 Better *		36% 284,278	40% 460 PTRs 7% - 92%		38% 226,324
Q# 1194 Engagement Culture	There is high trust in Frontline Supervisors/Team Leaders.	1,082	69%	8 5%	63%	5.6% Jun 2021 Better *		36% 284,278	40% 460 PTRs 7% - 92%		38% 226,324
Q# 1190 Engagement Culture	There is a climate of 'Trust and Respect' throughout the organisation.	1,084	42%	21.6%	32%	9.7% Jun 2021 Better *		35% 284,396	37% 457 PTRs 9% - 97%		38% 226,790
Engag Moment	ement Culture in Canberra Health Services - About Forwa um	rd									
Q# 1183 Engagement Culture	People are very optimistic about the organisation's future.	1,084	44%	15.9%	34%	10.4% Jun 2021 Better *		40% 285,113	43% 460 PTRs 7% - 92%		44% 227,135
Q# 1185 Engagement Culture	There is a strong sense of success and achievement - 'Things are getting better all the time'.	1,084	40%	20.8%	27%	12.4% Jun 2021 Better *		31% 284,845	33% 459 PTRs 4% - 94%		34% 227,110
Q# 1186 Engagement Culture	People are very positive about tackling problems. There is a 'Can do' mentality.	1,085	48%	16.7%	36%	12.9% Jun 2021 Better *		39% 285,007	41% 459 PTRs 8% - 94%		41% 227,197
Q# 1187 Engagement Culture	Change in the organisation = Better things to come for me.	1,080	49%	14.4%	40%	9.8% Jun 2021 Better *		41% 284,431	42% 459 PTRs 14% - 91%		44% 226,805
Q# 1188 Engagement Culture	There is a strong sense of purpose and direction.	1,080	45%	18.7%	35%	9.5% Jun 2021 Better *		37% 284,248	40% 457 PTRs 8% - 93%		41% 226,621
Q# 1189 Engagement Culture	People want to improve the way things work in the organisation.	1,082	61%	11.3%	59%	1.7% Jun 2021 Equal		57% 284,505	59% 458 PTRs 28% - 96%		59% 226,885
Q# 1191 Engagement Culture	People are proud of the successes and achievements of the organisation.	1,083	54%	13.2%	44%	9.7% Jun 2021 Better *		50% 283,226	51% 459 PTRs 16% - 98%		52% 225,690





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

<u>Position = Nursing/Midwifery</u>

About Our Employees

BPA Analytics Scorecard Compared with the Benchmarks and Norms for											
Canberra Health Services			Your Ratings			Public Hospitals & Healthcare			Nursing & Midwifery		
(*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.			recent survey		last surve		Services			Professionals	
"Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Respondent Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting Partner Norms.					(where n>=5) (if available)		Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Partner Norm Norm - last		Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
Paruler Non	1135		% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat		No of	3 years No of		No of Respondents
В	elow the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	Significance (*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH	Respondents	Range from	VL L -A A A+ H VH	Respondents
Employ	yee Satisfaction with their Organisation								Worst to Best		
Q# 6596	Canberra Health Services consistently meets my most	994	41%	24.8%	39%	1.9%		43%	41%		43%
Orgn meets Expectations	important expectations of it.					Nov 2019 Equal		204,191	360 PTRs 15% - 71%	1 11 11 1	171,608
Satisfaction with Conditions of Employment											
Q# 748	Canberra Health Services provides Adequate	1,076	58%	13.3%	61%	-3.6%		59%	61%		60%
Employment Condit ons	flexibility in the hours/shifts I work.					Nov 2019 Worse *		229,691	362 PTRs 27% - 86%		187,843
Q# 38386	Canberra Health Services provides Clear reporting	1,070	61%	10.3%							
	lines.	_,								No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 749	Capharra Haalth Capiese provides Worklands that	1.075	41%	22.6%	44%	-2.6%	avallable	43%	44%	avallable	40%
Employment Condit ons	Canberra Health Services provides Workloads that are fair and equitable.	1,075	4170	22.070	7170	Nov 2019		228,867	362 PTRs		186,987
						Equal			18% - 66%		
Q# 734 Employment Condit ons	Canberra Health Services provides A fair day's pay for a fair day's work.	1,070	49%	18.1%	52%	-3.1% Nov 2019		51% 201,663	58% 315 PTRs		44% 170,051
						Equal		201,000	17% - 82%		170,031
Q# 737 Employment Condit ons	Canberra Health Services provides Good career opportunities.	1,075	52%	14.6%	53%	- 0.8% Nov 2019		39%	45% 142 PTRs		41%
CONDICOTO	оррогинисы.					Equal		120,843	9% - 69%		107,029
Q# 735 Employment	Canberra Health Services provides Secure	1,071	80%	5 5%	79%	0.4%		69%	74% 127 PTRs		68%
Condit ons	employment.					Nov 2019 Equal		107,577	44% - 86%		97,958
Q# 741	Canberra Health Services provides Recognition of	1,071	41%	21.8%	38%	3.3%		33%	37%		33%
Employment Condit ons	my achievements.					Nov 2019 Equal		124,793	148 PTRs 12% - 60%	1 11 11 11 1	110,201
The De	The Decision to Leave the Organisation					·					
Q# 37785	I intend to leave this organisation within 1 year.	1,032	3%	97.3%	4%	-1.4%		4%	5%		4%
						Nov 2019 Better *		52,401	90 PTRs 18% - 1%	1 11 11 11 1	32,720
Q# 37786	I intend to leave this organisation within 2 years.	1,032	11%	89.3%	12%	-1.3%		10%	12%		10%
	I ment to reary and organization main. I years.	2/002				Nov 2019 Equal		52,401	90 PTRs 36% - 3%		32,720
Work	where I Feel in Control					Equal			3070 370		
	I have a strong sense of Being in control of many of	1,074	64%	7.1%	65%	-1.4%		61%	59%		64%
Personal Well- Being	my work choices.	_,				Nov 2019 Equal		41,306	89 PTRs 29% - 71%		26,294
Q# 21589	Thave a strong sonse of Reing competent to do my	1 076	89%	1 0%	90%	-0.3%		91%	91%		92%
Personal Well- Being	I have a strong sense of Being competent to do my role.	1,076	8990	1070	3070	Nov 2019		41,406	88 PTRs		26,348
						Equal			81% - 98%		
Q# 21592 Personal Well- Being	I have a strong sense of Making a difference in my chosen field.	1,062	79%	3 5%	80%	- 0.5% Nov 2019		77% 41,249	77% 89 PTRs		80% 26,047
						Equal		11,213	57% - 88%		20,017
	vhere I Feel Included										
Q# 36900 Personal Well- Being	I feel safe at work to be the person I am.	1,070	78%	5.9%	76%	2.0% Nov 2019		76% 36,655	75% 78 PTRs		76% 23,021
						Equal		20,023	55% - 89%		25,021
	where I Feel Supported							_			_
Q# 21596 Personal Well- Being	I have a strong sense of Being supported in learning from my mistakes.	1,069	74%	4 5%	73%	1.2% Nov 2019		69%	69% 89 PTRs		71%
-	,					Equal		41,212	39% - 88%		26,281
Personal Well-	I have a strong sense of Being supported to achieve my personal and professional goals.	1,066	68%	8.7%	64%	3.9% Nov 2019		62%	61% 89 PTRs		65%
Being	my personal and professional goals.					Better *		41,191	32% - 77%		26,268
Q# 36808 Personal Well-	I have a strong sense of Being supported to look	1,067	64%	10.0%	65%	-1.1%		65%	64%		66%
Being	after myself.					Nov 2019 Equal		36,512	78 PTRs 41% - 77%		22,939





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

About Our Employees

BPA Analytics Scorecard Compared with the Benchmarks and Norms for											
Canberra Health Services (*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. "Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Respondent Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting Partner Norms.			Your Ratings from this most recent survey compared with the last survey's ratings			Public Hospitals & Healthcare Services			Nursing & Midwifery Professionals		
				(where n>=5)		=5) le)	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Partner Norm Norm - last 3 years		Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
			% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance		No of Respondents	No of Partners		No of Respondents
Below the Norm Near the No	Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	(*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
Work that I Feel is Worthwhile				4.50/							
Q# 21713 The Personal Wel- Being	e work I do is Meaningful.	1,075	92%	1 5%	91%	1.3% Nov 2019 Equal		89% 36,723	89% 78 PTRs 77% - 97%		91% 23,023
Q# 21714 Th Personal Well- Being	e work I do is Purposeful.	1,073	92%	1.1%	91%	0.8% Nov 2019 Equal		89% 36,681	90% 78 PTRs 77% - 97%		92% 22,980
Q# 21715 The Personal Well- Being	e work I do is Stimulating.	1,073	82%	3.1%	83%	- 0.4% Nov 2019 Equal		77% 36,606	77% 77 PTRs 57% - 89%		82% 22,700
Q# 21711 Th Personal Well- Being	e work I do is Energising.	1,065	71%	6 2%	73%	- 1.6% Nov 2019 Equal		68% 36,514	67% 78 PTRs 49% - 83%		73% 22,650
Q# 37332 Personal Well-Being The work I do is a	Something I am proud of.	1,069	90%	1 3%	90%	0.3% Nov 2019 Equal		87% 36,541	87% 78 PTRs 75% - 93%		90% 22,893
Supporting Work-Life Balance											
Q#700 Work-Life Balance My manager is aware of a	nd accommodates work/life balance issues.	1,068	72%	8.1%	72%	- 0.6% Nov 2019 Equal		59% 36,050	70% 64 PTRs 38% - 84%		57% 14,731
Q# 37718 My manager demonstrat	tes that they care about my wellbeing.	1,068	73%	8 6%	73%	0.3% Nov 2019 Equal	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

<u>Position = Nursing/Midwifery</u>

About Our Workplaces

BPA Analytics Scorecard Compared with the Benchmarks and Norms for											
Canberra Health Services			Your Ratings from this most compared with the			Public Hospitals & Healthcare Services			Nursing & Midwifery Professionals		
(*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. "Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Respondent Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting Partner Norms.			recent survey (where n>=5)		r's ratings ·=5) le)	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Partner Norm Norm - last 3 years		Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	
Below the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	% Yes or Agrees (rounded)	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating (rounded)	% Change + Year + Stat Significance (*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Respondents	No of Partners Range from	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Respondents	
Team Problem-Solving	(11-)	((Constant)		VL L -A A AT II VII		Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH		
	,072	73%	5 6%	73%	0.2% Nov 2019 Equal		71% 35,041	72% 73 PTRs 50% - 86%		73% 38,654	
Q# 1248 In my work team I feel safe in discussing work problems with my team leader.	,065	73%	6.9%	77%	- 4.3% Nov 2019 Worse *		71% 34,108	70% 69 PTRs 50% - 84%		71% 38,113	
Effectiveness of Responses to Harassment and Bullying											
Q# 37723 Over the past 12 months There has been a focus on identifying and addressing bullying and harassment.	.018	46%	17.1%	46%	1.0% Nov 2019 Equal		44% 97,177	42% 189 PTRs 13% - 61%		46% 53,780	
Q# 37724 Over the past 12 months There has been access to appropriate training activities to address bullying and harassment.	,023	55%	13.4%	54%	0.7% Nov 2019 Equal		46% 105,802	43% 190 PTRs 14% - 75%		47% 59,878	
Q# 37725 Over the past 12 months There has been a focus on reducing bullying and harassment in the workplace.	.013	49%	16.2%	48%	0.1% Nov 2019 Equal		42% 100,732	41% 179 PTRs 17% - 59%		44% 57,247	
Q# 37726 Response to Bullying Over the past 12 months My manager has clearly demonstrated their preparedness to eliminate bullying and harassment.	,020	56%	14.1%	56%	- 0.4% Nov 2019 Equal		55% 113,732	57% 207 PTRs 22% - 79%		57% 63,004	
Over the past 12 months My team has clearly demonstrated their preparedness to eliminate bullying and harassment.	,014	55%	12.4%	53%	2.1% Nov 2019 Equal		57% 108,344	57% 206 PTRs 22% - 72%		58% 59,333	





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

About Our Managers

BP	A Analytics Scorecard						Compare	d with th	e Benchn	narks and Norms fo	or
"Equal" = Th	(*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		Your R from this most recent survey (where n>=5)		Latings compared with the last survey's ratings (where n>=5)		Public Hospitals & Healthcare Services Long-Term Bell Curve Respondent Norm Norm - last			Nursing & Midwifery Professionals Long-Term Bell Curve Responde	
	low the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	% Yes or Agrees (rounded)	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating (rounded)	% Change + Year + Stat Significance (*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Respondents	No of Partners Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Respondents
Manage	er as Coach										
Q# 59 Mgr as Coach	My manager Clearly communicates to me what they expect from me.	1,071	73%	4.1%	73%	0.6% Nov 2019 Equal		64% 228,304	66% 378 PTRs 39% - 85%		66% 189,664
Q# 61 Mgr as Coach	My manager Gives me constructive feedback on my performance.	1,067	60%	11.5%	58%	1.9% Nov 2019 Equal		49% 226,927	52% 377 PTRs 27% - 72%		51% 188,311
Q# 62 Mgr as Coach	My manager Helps me to set realistic performance objectives.	1,059	58%	12.9%	60%	- 2.0% Nov 2019 Equal		49% 225,633	53% 376 PTRs 27% - 75%		50% 185,371
Q# 65 Mgr as Coach	My manager Reviews my progress in achieving my objectives.	1,057	52%	15.3%	53%	- 1.1% Nov 2019 Equal		43% 223,205	48% 372 PTRs 19% - 68%		44% 182,541
Q# 67 Mgr as Coach	My manager Conducts annual performance reviews with me.	1,056	59%	15.5%	60%	- 1.0% Nov 2019 Equal		57% 213,901	65% 366 PTRs 20% - 90%		61% 176,082
Q# 72 Mgr as Coach	My manager Is a role model I look up to and learn from.	1,063	61%	13.6%	64%	- 2.1% Nov 2019 Equal		53% 215,951	57% 361 PTRs 26% - 75%		55% 178,555
Outcon	nes for Good and Poor Performance										
Q# 68 Aiming for Good Performance	My manager Provides reward and recognition for outstanding performance.	1,058	52%	19.9%	46%	5.7% Oct 2015 Better *		42% 214,079	48% 352 PTRs 17% - 66%		43% 175,902
Q# 69 Aiming for Good Performance	My manager Provides appreciation for good performance.	1,065	60%	13.2%	64%	- 4.1% Nov 2019 Worse *		53% 217,441	58% 366 PTRs 20% - 74%		53% 181,909
Q# 71 Aiming for Good Performance	My manager Is prepared to address poor performance in a constructive manner.	1,059	59%	13.1%	61%	- 1.3% Nov 2019 Equal		54% 219,425	57% 372 PTRs 26% - 73%		55% 180,861

2021 Workplace Culture Survey



Canberra Health Services

Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

About Our Values

BP	A Analytics Scorecard						Compare	d with th	ne Benchn	narks and Norms fo	r
	Canberra Health Services	Your Ratings				Public Hospitals		thcare	Nursing & Midwifery Professionals		
	(*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. "Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses).		from this most recent survey (where n>=5) (where n>				Services Respondent Partner			Professiona	IIS
	Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting		(-,	(if availab	-,	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
			% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance		No of Respondents	No of Partners		No of Respondents
В	elow the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	(*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
	In-Action by Respondents										
Q# 38387	I proudly put into practice the value Reliable - We always do what we say.	1,083	92%	1 5%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 38388	I proudly put into practice the value Progressive - We embrace innovation.	1,079	87%	1.4%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 38389	I proudly put into practice the value Respectful - We value everyone.	1,077	94%	1.7%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 38390	I proudly put into practice the value Kind - We make everyone feel welcome and safe.	1,077	94%	1.4%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Values	In-Action by Work Colleagues										
Q# 1369 Values by Colleagues	The people I work with put into practice the value Reliable - We always do what we say.	1,030	76%	2 0%	74%	2.2% Nov 2019 Equal		69% 122,119	69% 217 PTRs 37% - 96%		70% 102,886
Q# 1370 Values by Colleagues	The people I work with put into practice the value Progressive - We embrace innovation.	1,028	72%	3 0%	66%	6.4% Nov 2019 Better *		69% 122,119	69% 217 PTRs 37% - 96%		70% 102,886
Q# 1371 Values by Colleagues	The people I work with put into practice the value Respectful - We value everyone.	1,024	79%	3 2%	72%	6.6% Nov 2019 Better *		69% 122,119	69% 217 PTRs 37% - 96%		70% 102,886
Q# 1372 Values by Colleagues	The people I work with put into practice the value Kind - We make everyone feel welcome and safe.	1,023	81%	3.9%	75%	6.7% Nov 2019 Better *		69% 122,119	69% 217 PTRs 37% - 96%		70% 102,886
Values	-In-Action by Managers										
Q# 10369 Values by Mgr	My manager/supervisor puts into practice the value Reliable - We always do what we say.	1,032	72%	7 2%	66%	6.1% Nov 2019 Better *		70% 56,918	69% 114 PTRs 41% - 87%		72% 40,435
Q# 10370 Values by Mgr	My manager/supervisor puts into practice the value Progressive - We embrace innovation.	1,024	70%	7 6%	66%	4.7% Nov 2019 Better *		70% 56,918	69% 114 PTRs 41% - 87%		72% 40,435
Q# 10371 Values by Mgr	My manager/supervisor puts into practice the value Respectful - We value everyone.	1,021	74%	8 5%	71%	2.8% Nov 2019 Equal		70% 56,918	69% 114 PTRs 41% - 87%		72% 40,435
Q# 10372 Values by Mgr	My manager/supervisor puts into practice the value Kind - We make everyone feel welcome and safe.	1,026	75%	8 0%	73%	2.0% Nov 2019 Equal		70% 56,918	69% 114 PTRs 41% - 87%		72% 40,435
Values	In-Action by Executive										
Q# 6085 Values by Exec	Canberra Health Services' Executive Management Team put into practice the value Reliable - We always do what we say	1,026	46%	15.8%	34%	12.5% Nov 2019 Better *		53% 58,243	52% 115 PTRs 19% - 80%		55% 41,852
Q# 6086 Values by Exec	Canberra Health Services' Executive Management Team put into practice the value Progressive - We embrace innovation	1,019	53%	15.3%	46%	7.2% Nov 2019 Better *		53% 58,243	52% 115 PTRs 19% - 80%		55% 41,852
Q# 6087 Values by Exec	Canberra Health Services' Executive Management Team put into practice the value Respectful - We value everyone.	1,012	54%	15.1%	46%	8.5% Nov 2019 Better *		53% 58,243	52% 115 PTRs 19% - 80%		55% 41,852
Q# 6088 Values by Exec	Canberra Health Services' Executive Management Team put into practice the value Kind - We make everyone feel welcome and safe.	1,014	57%	13.5%	48%	9.5% Nov 2019 Better *		53% 58,243	52% 115 PTRs 19% - 80%		55% 41,852
Respor	ding to Behaviour Contrary to the Values										
Q# 10493 Values Reinforced	If I observed an employee not demonstrating Our Values I would At an appropriate time or place, discuss with them the behaviour I saw and how it was inconsistent with Our Values.	1,052	69%	6.1%	63%	5.1% Nov 2019 Better *		56% 67,448	56% 132 PTRs 38% - 72%		66% 44,812
Q# 10495 Values Reinforced	If I observed an employee not demonstrating Our Values I would Report this behaviour to their supervisor.	1,052	67%	5 5%	68%	- 0.6% Nov 2019 Equal		60% 67,055	60% 132 PTRs 45% - 81%		68% 44,323
Q# 10494 Values Reinforced	If I observed an employee not demonstrating Our Values I would Trust that if such behaviour was reported, then it would be appropriately managed.	1,047	49%	22.7%	50%	- 1.0% Nov 2019 Equal		50% 67,058	46% 132 PTRs 24% - 75%		56% 44,294



Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

<u>Position = Nursing/Midwifery</u>

About How We Do Things

BF	A Analytics Scorecard		•				Compare	d with th	e Benchr	narks and Norms fo	or	
	Canberra Health Services is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses).		from this recent surve			ed with the y's ratings >=5)	Public Hospital Serv	rices		Nursing & Midwifery Professionals		
	t Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting		(-,	(if availab	•	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	
			% Yes or Agrees	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Change + Year + Stat Significance		No of Respondents	No of Partners		No of Respondents	
E	Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	(rounded)		(rounded)	(*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH		Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH		
The P	ace & Direction of Change											
Q# 1254 Confidence about the Future	The changes that the organisation introduces are well planned, well thought-out and client focussed.	1,075	45%	18.6%	33%	11.4% Nov 2019 Better *		28% 79,553	32% 72 PTRs 14% - 63%		33% 76,675	
Q# 1255 Fast & Focused	The organisation introduces change quickly. It is fast, focussed and flexible.	1,069	38%	19.4%	23%	14.7% Nov 2019 Better *		20% 79,203	27% 75 PTRs 4% - 56%		26% 76,351	
Impro	vements Over the Past Year											
Q# 4459 Things are Improving	Overall, the organisation has made significant improvements during the past year.	1,062	40%	15.6%	37%	3.4% Nov 2019 Better *		36% 63,402	36% 114 PTRs 8% - 74%		40% 55,198	
Q# 208 Things are Improving	During the past year, there has been an improvement in Communication in the organisation.	1,057	50%	17.0%	44%	6.0% Nov 2019 Better *		32% 92,708	43% 148 PTRs 15% - 62%		32% 73,280	
Q# 209 Things are Improving	During the past year, there has been an improvement in Motivation in the organisation.	1,045	42%	18.4%	41%	1.1% Nov 2019 Equal		27% 67,723	37% 102 PTRs 5% - 61%		28% 62,500	
Q# 201 Things are Improving	During the past year, there has been an improvement in The organisation's services and facilities.	1,047	43%	17.5%	40%	2.8% Nov 2019 Equal		38% 47,636	35% 90 PTRs 5% - 81%		43% 42,870	
Oppor	tunities to Have a Positive Influence											
Q# 38399	In the last week, I had the opportunity to do something that was a positive influence in my team and the organisation in this time of change.	1,048	33%	9 5%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available		
Manag	gement Support with Change											
Q# 18972 Resilience in Transition	My manager has the skills and capability to support me in this time of change.	1,050	63%	9.1%	65%	- 2.0% Nov 2019 Equal		63% 10,126	61% 18 PTRs 34% - 74%		64% 5,743	
Q# 11643 Resilience in Transition	My manager is supportive in this time of change.	1,048	65%	8.9%	67%	- 2.5% Nov 2019 Equal		65% 11,883	65% 26 PTRs 40% - 74%		63% 9,413	
Q# 11642 Resilience in Transition	The Executive Management Team is supportive in this time of change.	1,032	42%	18.1%	40%	1.7% Nov 2019 Equal		42% 11,963	41% 27 PTRs 15% - 57%		43% 6,948	





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

About Our Clients

BP	A Analytics Scorecard						Compare	d with th	e Benchn	narks and Norms fo	or
(*) = There	Canberra Health Services is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.		from this	Your Ratings from this most recent survey last surv			Public Hospital Serv	s & Healt rices	thcare	Nursing & Mid Profession	
	here is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting ms.		(where n>=		(where n>	=5) le)	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm
p	elow the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	% Yes or Agrees (rounded)	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating (rounded)	% Change + Year + Stat Significance (*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Respondents	No of Partners Range from	W. J. A. A. A. H. WI	No of Respondents
	mer Safety Measures - Preventative, Detective & Correctiv	,	(roanses)		(rounday)		VL L -A A A+ H VH		Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	
Q# 6116 Clent Safety Culture	Commitment - People in my work unit are highly conscious of the potential for adverse consumer safety events.	1,043	84%	18%	84%	0.0% Nov 2019 Equal		87% 107,392	88% 239 PTRs 67% - 99%		88% 64,238
Q# 6117 Clent Safety Culture	Vigilance - People in my work unit report adverse consumer safety events and complaints quickly and openly.	1,041	81%	3 2%	79%	1.1% Nov 2019 Equal		83% 106,437	84% 239 PTRs 59% - 97%		84% 63,938
Q# 6120 Clent Safety Culture	Learning - People in my work unit treat consumer safety events as learning opportunities.	1,045	77%	3 2%	72%	5.2% Nov 2019 Better *		79% 105,991	80% 238 PTRs 53% - 96%		80% 63,824
Q# 11224 Clent Safety Culture	Reliability - People in my work unit always follow evidence, guidelines, standards, procedures and pathways no matter how difficult this might be.	1,047	76%	3.4%	74%	1.9% Nov 2019 Equal		77% 76,391	76% 149 PTRs 58% - 93%		77% 44,672
Q# 11225 CLent Safety Culture	Escalation - People in my work unit exercise good judgement about when to escalate a deterioration in a consumer's condition.	1,041	85%	2 2%	87%	- 1.6% Nov 2019 Equal		86% 74,917	86% 148 PTRs 66% - 97%		88% 44,390
Q# 11226 CLent Safety Culture	Perseverance - People in my work unit will persevere in escalating concerns when they believe it's clinically appropriate.	1,035	84%	2 5%	86%	- 1.7% Nov 2019 Equal		85% 72,531	84% 141 PTRs 64% - 97%		87% 43,262
Comm	itment to Consumer Safety										
Q# 38401	I am committed to doing everything I can to ensure consumer safety.	1,045	98%	0 0%			No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37738 Consumer Safety Commitment	My Manager is committed to doing everything they can to ensure consumer safety.	1,045	88%	2.7%	79%	8.8% Nov 2019 Better *	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37737 Consumer Safety Commitment	The Executive responsible for my workplace is committed to doing everything they can to ensure consumer safety.	1,038	71%	6.9%	63%	8.3% Nov 2019 Better *	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37736 Consumer Safety Commitment	The Executive Management Team are committed to doing everything they can to ensure consumer safety.	1,039	69%	8.4%	61%	7.5% Nov 2019 Better *	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

<u>Position = Nursing/Midwifery</u>

About Our Survey Actions

BP	A Analytics Scorecard						Compare	d with th	e Benchn	narks and Norms fo	or
Canberra Health Services (*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. "Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). Respondent Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting Partner Norms. Below the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm (n=)		Your R from this most recent survey (where n>=5)		Latings compared with the last survey's ratings (where n>=5) (if available)		Public Hospital Serv Long-Term Bell Curve		Partner Norm - last	Nursing & Midv Professiona Long-Term Bell Curve		
		(n=)	% Yes or Agrees (rounded)	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating (rounded)	% Change + Year + Stat Significance (*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of No of Partners Respondents Range from Worst to Best		VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Respondents
Feedb. Q# 37774	ack on the Last Survey I completed the 2019 CHS Workplace Culture Survey.	891	73%	7 2%	57%	15.3% Nov 2019	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis	
Q# 37775	I received feedback on the findings of the last employee survey From CHS (e.g. CEO presentation).	868	32%	23.8%	30%	1.6% Nov 2019 Equal	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37776	I received feedback on the findings of the last employee survey from my Executive/Manager.	869	43%	19.9%	34%	8.9% Nov 2019 Better *	No benchmarking analysis available			No benchmarking analysis available	
Q# 37777	Action was taken as a result of the last survey.	885	17%	20.0%	16%	0.9% Nov 2019 Equal		24% 9,299	27% 23 PTRs 5% - 53%		21% 6,850
Q# 37778	There was a positive impact resulting from the last survey.	885	16%	26.7%	13%	3.6% Nov 2019 Better *		17% 9,277	20% 23 PTRs 1% - 40%		20% 6,570



Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

About Our Workplaces

BPA Analytic	cs Snaps	shot	Yo	our Ratings	(*)		
Canberra Health Services		Curren	t Survey			Survey	
A sub-set of respondents defined as Position = Nursing/Midwifery (*) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant. "Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses).	(n=)	% Yes or Agrees	% Middle Rated	% No or Dis- Agrees	Last Survey Rating	% Chang Last Sur Year Significa	rvey + · +
Prevalence of Being Subjected to Bullying, Harassment, Favouritism or Discrimination in the Work	. ,						
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Bullying in the workplace.	1,070	23%		76.6%	28%	-4.3% 2019	Better*
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Harassment in the workplace.	1,055	13%		86.5%	20%	-6.6% 2019	Better*
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Discrimination in the workplace.	1,054	15%		85.0%	18%	-3.0% 2019	Better*
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Favouritism in the workplace.	1,058	26%		74.5%	29%	-3.4% 2019	Better*
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Bullying or Harassment in the workplace.	1,061	27%		73.1%	46%	-19.4% 2019	Better*
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Bullying or Harassment or Discrimination or Favouritism in the workplace.	1,071	41%		59.4%	54%	-13.9% 2019	Better*
Reporting Harassment and Bullying - Experienced							
When I experienced harassment or bullying I \dots Reported this behaviour.	643	66%	18.5%	15.2%			
When I experienced harassment or bullying I \dots Knew how to go about reporting such behaviour.	658	76%	16.6%	7.1%			
When I experienced harassment or bullying I \dots Trusted that, if such behaviour was reported, then it would be appropriately managed.	663	48%	22.2%	29.4%			
Reporting Harassment and Bullying - Observed							
When I observed harassment or bullying I \dots Reported this behaviour.	711	73%	17.7%	9.0%			
When I observed harassment or bullying I \dots Knew how to go about reporting such behaviour.	729	80%	15.0%	4.8%			
When I observed harassment or bullying I \dots Trusted that, if such behaviour was reported, then it would be appropriately managed.	732	52%	22.4%	25.4%			
Personally Subjected to Occupational Violence							
In the last 12 months, I have been subjected to Occupational Violence.	1,081	65%		34.9%	60%	4.7% 2019	Worse
Attitudes Towards Occupational Violence							
Occupational Violence is generally accepted as being 'part of the job' in my workplace.	833	32%	23.8%	44.2%	28%	4.2% 2019	Worse
Canberra Health Services - Safety@Work							
Managers always take work, health and safety seriously.	1,079	80%	15.4%	4.9%	76%	3.7% 2019	Better*
Managers always take action to address identified work, health and safety issues.	1,078	76%	19.0%	5.4%	73%	2.2% 2019	Equal
Employees are always consulted on decisions that impact on their work, health and safety.	1,079	59%	27.6%	13.5%	54%	4.6% 2019	Better*
When I act safely I always receive positive support and recognition in my team.	1,079	57%	31.2%	11.6%	50%	6.8% 2019	Better*
In this organisation, staff safety is considered as important as patient safety.	1,079	63%	23.3%	13.5%	56%	6.8% 2019	Better*
Overall, the organisation has a strong, effective staff safety culture.	1,079	59%	26.4%	14.2%			



2021 Workplace Culture Survey

Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

Background to the Net Promoter Score^{s™}

The Net Promoter Score^{5M} (NPS® Bain & Company, Inc., Satmetrix Systems, Inc., and Fred Reichheld) provides a gauge of respondent loyalty and engagement. Respondents are categorised into three types based on their response to the key question: "On a scale of 0 to 10, how likely are you to recommend this organisation?"



Promoters (score of 9 or 10):

People who feel their lives are enriched by their relationships with the organisation. Promoters typically go the extra mile for the organisation, they are loyal, and promote the organisation.

Passives (score of 7 or 8):

People who are fairly satisfied, but not loyal. They rarely talk up the organisation, and when they do, it's likely to be qualified and unenthusiastic. If a better offer comes along, they are likely to defect.

Detractors (score of 0 to 6):

People who feel their lives have been diminished by their associations with the organisation. They are dissatisfied and even dismayed by how they are treated. They frequently speak negatively about the organisation and are likely to defect as soon as they find something better.



References:

Bain and Co (2013). Who's responsible for employee engagement? Line supervisors, not HR, must lead the charge. Bain and Company, New York.

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Net Promoter Score³⁴⁸ and Net Promoter System³⁴⁸ are service marks of Bain & Company, Inc., Satmetrix Systems, Inc., and Fred Reichheld.

BPA Analytics Scorecard - Net Prom	oter S	Score				Compared with the Benchmarks and Norms for					
Canberra Health Services *) = There is a 95% probability of correctly identifying this difference as statistically significant.			most		ed with the	Public Hospitals Serv		thcare	Nursing & Midv Professiona	•	
Equal" = There is not enough difference to be statistically significant (for this number of responses). espondent Norms come from all respondents in a Partner Group, not just those eligible for setting artner Norms.		recent survey (where n>=5)		last survey's ratings (where n>=5) (if available)		Long-Term Bell Curve	Respond ent Norm	Partner Norm - last 3 years	Long-Term Bell Curve	Respondent Norm	
Below the Norm Near the Norm Above the Norm	(n=)	NPS	% Promoters Passives Detractors	Last Survey NPS	% Change + Year + Stat Significance (*)	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Respond ents	No of Partners Range from Worst to Best	VL L -A A A+ H VH	No of Res- pondents	
dvocating for the Organisation - The Net Promoter Score											
would recommend my organisation (where appropriate) as a good place to work.	1,071	-6.1	30% 35% 36%	-13.0	6.9 Jun 2021 Better *		+9.1 94,627	+1.9 164 PTRs -62.6 to +95.6		+14.2 61,560	
would recommend my organisation (where appropriate) as the best choice for the type of service provided.	1,070	+6.9	35% 36% 29%	+2.3	4.6 Jun 2021 Better *		+23.3 90,173	+14.9 151 PTRs -54.3 to +93.4		+27.9 60,653	





Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

Now that I understand my report, what do I do next?

The KEEP, STOP, START Action Planning Template

This Action Planning Template is a quick and easy way to reflect on the results of your department's most recent BPA Analytics Survey.

The KEEP, STOP, START approach to Action Planning has been around for years, but you know what ... it actually works! Following the KEEP, STOP, START method will help you identify areas for quick action, and hopefully you will get positive movement and traction in a few areas in the culture of your department.

The ground rules of Action Planning are...

- Don't make an Action Plan of 10 things to do ... you will never do 10!
- Pick 3 things to action, at most in each of the Keep, Stop, Start.
- If you pick the right 3, and you work really hard on these 3, then you will experience what we call the 'ripple effect'.

The BPA questions are interconnected, if you work on one area (e.g. Engagement) it tends to have a positive ripple effect on other areas. Take the Values section as an example. If you work on Values and have a strategy around Values and behaviours, you will find it ripples positively through the culture, and by happy accident, the Engagement scores may increase, the incidence of Bullying or Harassing behaviours may decrease. Rely on the ripple effect ... do a few things really well, rather than targeting 10 things and doing them not so well.

Example Only

This de-identified department's result from its BPA Survey revealed:

 In general, the employees were pretty down on the Executive, their managers, and each other!

The department experienced...

- A drop in the level of Employee Engagement between BPA surveys by 16%.
- An increase in the level of Employee Disengagement between surveys by 7%;
- A decrease in the Truly Great Place to Work result by 33%.

Going forward, working on the results of this survey for our team, these are some things we are going to Keep, Stop, and Start doing!



This is good... but we can be better.

- Keep up the sense of being proud of what we do, in having pride in the services we deliver to our clients.
- Keep up our focus on Safety and the Wellbeing indicators of each individual feeling competent at what they do and making a difference in their field. Promote our successes and achievements!



A couple of areas of weakness that we are going to stop.

- Tolerating any unreasonable behaviours in our workplace.
- Letting any potential problems linger on our team's approach to problem solving will be to address problems as they pop up and press hard to find innovative solutions to these problems – get to the root cause of the problem.



Things we're going to start doing.

- Using our Values at the team level we need to live by them in our team, and have the courage to speak up (in a respectful way) if we observe a behaviour that is not 'living the values'. Let's start with the fundamental Value of Respect.
- Our managers are going to reflect and change-up their leadership behaviours by picking 2-3 attributes that didn't rate as strong in this survey. Some examples include listening, holding people accountable, addressing any poor performance and creating the sense of team cohesion and purpose.
- We are a small team. Our solidarity metric (the Truly Great Place to Work) took a hit this survey. We need to work on building this sense of camaraderie back up in the team. It is all about how we interact with each other, how our leaders engage with the team, how we are accountable and responsible for our own area of work.

2021 Workplace Culture Survey



Canberra Health Services

Analysis of data collected up until 29-Nov-21 from the surveys of 1,093 respondents.

Position = Nursing/Midwifery

How do I feedback the results to my staff?

The BPA Report is a management tool. You want an engaged workforce, where people feel motivated to come to work, to do their best, to drive the strategy of your organisation (and your department).

The value out of the survey process becomes real when employees receive feedback, they feel they were listened to and that something will be done with the results.

Receiving a report about your own management style, how you lead your team, the level of trust, any unreasonable behaviours at play, can sometimes be very confronting.

Sometimes managers have what I call a SARAH moment when they receive the BPA report. SARAH is my take on Elisabeth Kübler-Ross' stages of grieving ... a humorous take. Outlined below are some commandments when rolling out BPA results to your team.

They are grouped by thou shalt and thou shalt not.

Thou shalt -

Be open and lead with the positives at the beginning of the discussion.

Do run the meeting by being open to the things you may not necessarily agree with.

Do finish the meeting by focusing on making decisions about the actions going forward, what you are going to do as the manager and your expectations of each member of the team as well.

S stands for Shock:



"I can't believe anyone would say such a thing!"

A stands for Anger:



"I feel outraged by this feedback!"

R stands for Revenge:



"I'll knee-cap them, slash their car tyres, and..."

A stands for Acceptance:



"Well, employees were asked to 'have their say', this feedback is all part of being a leader."

H stands for Help:



"I need coaching on the best way to use this information."

Thou shalt not -

Don't try and figure out who said what

Don't mock people's opinions as most (perhaps not all) try sincerely to provide genuine feedback.

Don't blame people above you. Focus on what you can control.

Don't bury people in too much information. Give them the highlights and the BPA At A Glance is a good place to start.

Don't go into your meeting unprepared, thinking "I can wing this" – you will come a

gut-sa!

Don't shut people down (unless they are trying to monopolise the meeting). If so do this respectfully.

Don't make promises you are not prepared to keep or not able to action.

Don't blame the team for a not-so great result. Every culture has strengths.

Don't hand out narrative text – staff don't necessarily want their comments to be front page news. This is a high risk strategy and will just fuel gossip.

2021 Workplace Culture Survey



Canberra Health Services

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Q and A

This section might just answer some of the questions you have about the BPA report.

Q. The last time the BPA survey was conducted in our organisation, my department was in a Culture of Success, now it's in Consolidation. What happened, what can I do about that?

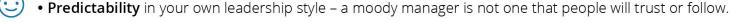


A. One thing to understand is that Organisational Culture is like a bank account... sometimes you might have to spend a bit of the bank account when you are introducing unpopular change. The key lies in knowing when to re-build. The only thing constant in an organisation is change – it happens, it is a fact of life. Building a level of resilience in the culture is the first step. Getting your employees focused on the fact that change is going to happen, it is going to bite us on the nose at any time and that we have to be prepared for it. Go through the 10 Engagement questions carefully to see where you 'lost ground' between surveys. Was it in trust, was it in employee's motivation, was it in change? Then focus on one area to rebuild the level of engagement. Campaign building trust ... build trust and it builds engagement.

Q. How do I build trust?

A. Trust is the glue that binds a team (and an organisation) together. You can't change a culture without it. The things that build trust:





• Fairness – don't play favourites! Be transparent in your recruitment and selection processes (and give feedback to those who are not successful), be transparent in workload allocation, in annual leave allocation, in rewarding and recognising individuals. Lack of fairness and favouritism are cousins!

Q. My benchmarking summary graph (the overall counts in blue, red and yellow) has lots of blue for About Our Managers ... but **lots of red for About Our Culture**. What does this mean?

A. This might be a little unpalatable to hear ... but you have to be careful you aren't adopting the potential for manager disconnect in your management and leadership style. An attribute of the best managers I have seen, is that they can win the hearts and minds of their people to go with them and their leadership ... and to go with the organisation. They don't bunker their team down. The signs and symptoms of a responsible manager versus a manager that might be potentially disconnected are illustrated in the next column. Have a read ... it might be confronting ... but askyourself 'do I do any of the disconnected behaviours' and if you are honest in your self-evaluation you will welcome the opportunity to develop yourself and change a set of behaviours that you might not necessarily be even aware of. But whatever you do, try not to adopt a bunker mentality to protect yourself and your employees.

The potential for Manager Disconnect is a label developed by BPA that applies to a phenomenon where managers have disconnected their managerial responsibilities and surrendered them to the organisation. Examples of this behaviour include:

A manager who is potentially disconnecting ...

Denigrates the organisation and its executive in front of their staff.

Tries to be everyone's friend, even when it means ignoring performance problems.

Doesn't want to take on the normal responsibilities of a manager, but wants the title and the pay.

A responsible manager ...

if they privately disagree with them.

Is friendly but firm in requiring appropriate performance levels.

Q. My benchmarking summary graph (the overall counts in blue, red, and yellow) has lots of blue for About Our Culture but **not for About Our Managers**. What does this mean?

A. The questions on the BPA survey are asked at 3 levels ... your employees' working life in the organisation (the entity that employs them), their working life in their team, their working life with you the manager, the person who guides and directs their performance.

If your employees' evaluation of your leadership style doesn't come up rosy, then this represents an opportunity for you personally. The best managers I have come across know themselves very well – they know their personal attributes – what they are like at their peak, what they are like when they are stressed. They seek information about their style that will make them a better manager, and we can always be better. It is a huge responsibility being a manager, and receiving feedback on our management and leadership style comes with the title. Look for areas of strength in your style based on the evaluation of how others see you. Use the Leadership profile as an opportunity to gain insight into how others see you. Drop any defensiveness – I know sometimes the evaluation can be hard hitting, but take it on board and grow.





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Position = Nursing/Midwifery

What Works when Changing Culture - The Power of Values

What does BPA think are the most successful forms of cultural change?

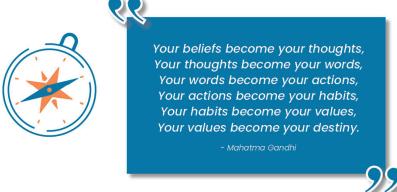
Over the past 29 years of measuring Organisational Culture, the two most powerful forms of cultural change we have observed that work are:

- 1. **The power of Values** and the behaviours that underpin them.
- 2. **The power of managers** truly taking on the role of being a Performance Coach holding people accountable, not only for their performance, but their behaviours too.

If you do nothing but focus on these 2 things, hopefully you will get some traction in a positive way.

The Power of Values

There is power in a strong set of Organisational Values as Values are the anchor that you as a manager can use during times of major or turbulent change. They are an organisation's moral compass.



Values do 2 things

for an organisation and a team:

- 1. They will guide the organisation's decisions and priorities strategic and day-to-day; and
- 2. They will establish the boundaries for acceptable and unacceptable behaviour.

Everything changes ... Buildings change, People change, Client's and Member's expectations change, Governments change, Funding Levels change, Workload and activity change, Climates change, Economies change, Managers and Leaders change.

The one constant that can stay the same in the midst of major change is an organisation's Values ... and how these are put into practice.

Finally when it comes to Values, in the best organisations BPA has measured, we have identified these organisations do 3 things very well with their Values, they ...



As a manager of a team, think about these practices.



Do you speak to your Organisation's Values when you are recruiting new people into your team? Do you ask the potential new recruit to draw on their past experiences to find out if they will be a good fit for your department?



Do you acknowledge great performance (rewarding doesn't have to be materialistic).



Are there consequences for people who don't live by the Values, for any behaviours that are contrary to the defined set of behaviours that underpin your organisation's Values?

The 3 Types of Values BPA has Observed

BPA Analytics' (BPA) research into Organisation Values has found 3 broad categories of values.

- 1. Aspirational Values;
- 2. Inspirational Values; and
- 3. Foundational Values



Aspirational Values

These are values that an organisation may aspire to. Examples could include Excellence, Service, Continuous Improvement, Communication or Teamwork. In our observation, most Company Values are of the Aspirational kind.



Inspirational Values

These are values that have an underlying cause that inspires its workforce and sometimes even clients. They typically have a 'call to action'. They might include "to fight cancer" or "to end animal testing on cosmetic products". They are visionary and motivational in a way that "excellence" or "teamwork" is not.

Foundational Values



These are values that are practical and pragmatic. They are values that the organisation must have on a day-to-day basis in order to ensure it functions smoothly. Failure to live these values will typically see both the organisation and its members suffer.





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What Works when Changing Culture - The Power of Managers

The Power of a Manager being a Performance Coach

The best managers I have come across, as mentioned earlier, know themselves very well, and they take on the role of being a performance coach, they wear a manager's hat.

They embrace the principles of a great coach by ...



Clearly (and regularly) communicating the expectations they have of each member of their team;



Guiding them on their performance;



Constructively giving feedback on their performance;



Helping their employees to plan how to improve their performance;



Providing appreciation for good performance;



Providing support and guidance on how to overcome any performance shortfalls;



Addressing poor performance constructively;



Being a role model their employees look up to and learn from;



Wrapping up all of these practices with some form of annual review. Some do quarterly or 6 monthly reviews. If the manager is doing all of the above, the Performance Review process should not produce any surprises.

The Recipe for Successful Cultural Change Has Four Essential Ingredients



A **shared vision** on what you are trying to achieve.



The **resources** (especially time) to implement the changes.



The **will to do it** - a commitment from you as the manager.



A **plan** with dates, accountabilities, and (especially) the first step.

All four of these components are essential - not just 2 or 3.